OPUS₂

Scottish Covid-19 Inquiry

Day 4

October 31, 2023

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1	Tuesday, 31 October 2023	1	Δ	Yes.
2	(10.00 am)	2		And you were in that post during the whole of the
3	THE CHAIR: Good morning, everybody. Mr Gale, when you are	3	٠.	pandemic and remain in that post.
4	ready.	4	Α.	Yes.
5	MR GALE: Thank you very much, my Lord. Good morning.	5	Q.	Can you tell us a little bit about your background,
6	My Lord, there are two witnesses today, albeit that	6		Mr Simmons.
7	they are going to be giving evidence in different forms.	7		Before you became chief executive, what did you do?
8	The first witness we have is Mr Henry Simmons, who will	8	Α.	So I am a registered social worker. I started my career
9	be introduced in a few moments. The second witness is	9		off in the mental health world. I trained as
10	Dr Jennifer Burns. Dr Burns has provided the Inquiry	10		a registered mental nurse in Lanarkshire, and then
11	with a lengthy and detailed statement. She is the head	11		I worked in London for a period of time and Leeds for
12	of the British Geriatric Society. She is not, however,	12		a short period, and then I returned to Scotland to work
13	keen to give evidence orally to the Inquiry. So, given	13		for a local mental health charity for several years.
14	that her statement contains a considerable amount	14		I then worked for Enable Scotland for ten years, and
15	of interesting and relevant, in our view, material, it	15		I have only really had three big jobs in Scotland since
16	is my intention to read large sections of the statement	16		becoming the chief executive of Alzheimer Scotland.
17	out. The timing of that is that that read of her	17	Q.	Really just in general terms, can you tell us what your
18	statement will commence at 2 o'clock, after lunch. So	18		role as chief exec of Alzheimer Scotland involves?
19	Mr Simmons will be the only witness this morning.	19	A.	Yes, sure. So Alzheimer Scotland is a traditional
20	So, Mr Simmons, please.	20		charity insofar as we have a large membership base
21	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much indeed for that explanation,	21		across Scotland. We really set out to do three main
22	Mr Gale.	22		things, which is to prevent and cure dementia, and our
23	MR HENRY SIMMONS (called)	23		goal is to make sure no one goes through the experience
24	Questions from MR GALE	24		of living with dementia on their own.
25	THE CHAIR: Good morning, Mr Simmons. Thank you very much	25		My role is the day—to—day running of the charity.
	1			3
1	for coming. Please take a seat and make yourself	1		We have, at the present time, around 400 staff. We
2				
	comfortable.	2		provide a number of initiatives that we self—fund
3	comfortable. Good. Now, I see you have some papers. I don't			provide a number of initiatives that we self—fund through our fund—raised income. So we run dementia
3 4		2 3 4		- Control of the Cont
3 4 5	Good. Now, I see you have some papers. I don't know if you want anything in front of you at the moment, just your statement and stuff. That's fine.	2 3 4 5		through our fund—raised income. So we run dementia
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we would be supporting; it is someone that actually is a bona fide member with rights to vote, obviously, at our annual general meeting and other events. 4 Q. You also say that you have over 90,000 "Dementia 5 Friends". What are they? 6 A. So that is different from obviously a membership. The Dementia Friends programme is a real engagement of 8 people who wish to do something positive to support 9 people with dementia, and we train them in a very 10 small—scale way to become a supporter and, in some ways, 11 just a general sort of like friend towards the dementia 12 13 Q. Also you say that you are supported by over 1,000 14 volunteers. 15 A. Yes. 16 Q. What areas do volunteers volunteer in? 17 A. So, I mean, like, if you -- I mean, from the very top 18 level of the organisation, our trustees, for example, 19 are volunteers and regarded as such and giving their 20 time for free. Our helpline has been in existence now 21 for over, I think, 30 years, and that is run by a team 22 of volunteers. And then we have many volunteers who 23 support our local services, and just give extra support 2.4 on a day-to-day basis for people. You know, it's quite a broad church of volunteers.

Q. Thank you. 1

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If we just go on in your statement -- I will take some of this read short -- at paragraph 9 you say that:

"We are commissioned for post diagnostic support services for people with dementia and now employ approximately 120 Post Diagnostic Support Link Workers."

Can we go perhaps to pre-diagnostic, because I think it is something you mention subsequently in your

So far as pre-diagnostic work is concerned, does your charity have any involvement in that or any particular interest in that?

A. Yes. I mean, at the present time, we have been

14 developing a new significant initiative to engage people 15 significantly before they start to develop any form of 16 symptoms of dementia even through our prevention work 17 and our project called Brain Health Scotland. Over the 18 past probably ten years, we have learned much more as 19 a dementia community about the potential of prevention, 20 and there are 12 lifestyle circumstances which we now 21 have a very strong universal agreement that if we 22 actually tackle sooner and earlier with some form of 23 personalised risk reduction, we can make a substantial 24 difference towards people developing dementia. So that is one area that we are obviously working in.

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There is also the area where people who -- and the iourney towards receiving a diagnosis of dementia, it's a rocky road, Mr Gale, it's not a smooth process, and people can be, you know, for some time in a position where they might be experiencing some form of mild cognitive impairment or other forms of symptoms. So all of our dementia advisers and helpline and our services will provide people with support at that point. Q. I think one of the points that you make later in your

9 10 statement -- and we will come to it in due course -- is 11 that, during the pandemic, there were considerable 12 difficulties in the pre-diagnosis stage of dementia.

13 A. Without a shadow of a doubt, and I can say more about 14 that just now, Mr Gale, if you would like me to.

15 Q. Well, leave it until we come to it in your statement. 16 but I think it is worth flagging up at this stage.

17 Also in paragraph 9, you refer to that you have 18 around 17 registered small-scale day services. What are 19 they?

20 A. So day services are geared more towards people who are 21 progressing towards the more sort of moderate mid-stages 22 of their time living with dementia, and our approach to 23 that is that you need to develop very specific forms of 24 support for people during the day services that are 25 really required to be small, focused, quite intensive.

It's about perhaps someone being with us for a day $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$ participating in cognitive stimulation work. reminiscence work, one-to-one support, general peer support groups. So our services might have somewhere in the region of between 8 to 12 people each day, and the individuals might attend for two or three days per week.

They tend to be commissioned by health and social

8 care partnerships, and they are registered with the 9 Care Inspectorate as such, so they are registered 10 services. It is different from our community projects 11 that we run in groups, activities that we run on our 12 own, which aren't registered, but these are registered 13 and regulated in that fashion, Mr Gale.

14 Q. Are these geographically spread throughout Scotland?

15 A. Yes. I mean, we operate mainly in areas, obviously, where the health and social care partnership are looking 16 17 to provide this type of support. Not everyone does. 18 Not everyone is able to commit to small-scale services 19 and have to use, perhaps, larger environments that we 20 don't do. But, yes, I mean, we operate from Shetland 21 all the way down to the Borders and Dumfries.

22 Q. Thank you.

I think you also -- and you have hinted at this already -- have a 24-hour freephone helpline, and did that continue throughout the pandemic?

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- A. Yes, very much so. I mean, we accentuated our helpline 2 support to really make that our front line during the 3
- 4 Q. You then say that your link workers -- this is 5 paragraph 12 — are working with at least 5,000 to 6,000 6 people after diagnosis each year.
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- 8 Q. That cohort of people, is that within the community or 9 within both the community and the care home locations?
- 10 A. The model of post—diagnostic support is primarily based 11 on our five-pillar model, which is a model we developed 12 probably about 12 years ago, prior to the first national 13 dementia strategy, and the essence of it is that we will 14 work with people as early as possible in their journey 15 with dementia, and the earlier and more timely that we 16 can work with people, the more we can do to build their 17 network of resilience , support, across their community; 18 the more we can do to actually help people maintain 19 their community connections, social connections, in some 20 cases employment.

You know, it's a very, very sort of early form of intervention that we have really been very proud of, because Scotland was the first country in the world to make this a commitment and a guarantee and to really give that type of consistent support, albeit we have

never managed to achieve it 100% across the country, maybe 50%. But what it does is it really helps people who are going through that rocky journey towards diagnosis to get some choice, power and control back into their lives, to start to come to terms with the illness, to understand it, to build up person-centred plans about how they are going to live well with it. to build connections and peer support, and it's a very important part of our system that is all dependent on that link worker role.

We have another model which is for people who are a little bit more progressed, and that is called an eight-pillar model, and often people who are getting a diagnosis at that early stage, they need a bit more support and a bit more of work.

In terms of the care homes, our view is absolutely that if someone gets diagnosed in a care home, they should still receive that same level of support. But what you will find is that, in terms of sort of prioritisation and resource, we have never had enough link workers to deliver across the whole of the country, and I think a lot of areas who commission that, which would be the health and social care partnerships, gear things more towards the community as opposed to the care home environment, and it is an area that is often

discussed, Mr Gale.

Q. Thank you.

I am just interested -- you mentioned I think 4 earlier, and also again in the most recent answer, 5 a person-centred approach. Would that also include the family and the carers of somebody in early stage and then perhaps a more progressive stage of dementia?

8 A. Yes. When we say person—centred, it encapsulates all of 9 that, and our view is that, in order to help someone 10 live well with dementia, you have to look at their whole 11 social system of support, and you have to understand the strengths within that that you can build on, and the 13 areas where you might need to put additional supports 14 in. So the family, the extended family, the person's 15 community, the person's sort of, you know, broader 16 networks, are the foundations of how you build that 17 person-centred approach. And everyone will need 18 a different form of support at that point, and it will 19 be very sort of individualised, but that is, in essence, 20 the basis of that approach.

21 Q. I think one of the things that I have picked up from your statement -- and please correct me if I have got this wrong -- one of the important aspects of the work that you do in relation to supporting those with dementia is to try to establish for them some sort of

regular and organised daily routine. 1

A. For some people the -- as I mentioned earlier, you could have a two- or three-year period which is very traumatic before you receive a diagnosis. So people will start perhaps having difficulty remembering issues. They might have difficulty, you know, with just basic sort of day-to-day, you know, issues about the community, forgetting things, and actually really struggling, and they will then find their way to a GP, and it might take a year or two before they start to get -- they get a diagnosis. And during that time, people can often stop doing things; you know, it might be they don't go to church anymore or they stop going to their golf club. They withdraw. They get pretty anxious at times. So what we are trying to do is to bring all that back out with individuals, and to then use that community, that, you know, strength of community alongside what the person's choices are and what their hopes are, and really. Mr Gale, to inject a bit of belief that you can live well with dementia at that point.

And that is quite a transformation, because 15 years ago the view was: there is no point giving someone an early diagnosis of dementia because there is nothing you can do about it. The general perception — which sometimes still permeates -- is that this is a condition

that is only about, you know, much older people and it's part of growing older. It has never been properly understood that this is actually a brain disease process which is progressive, and the earlier that you intervene with, you know, personalised supports and plans, the better someone can live well.

Now, our view is very much that if you give high—quality post—diagnostic support to an individual —— and I mean high quality; I don't mean two sessions or one session, I am talking about a year's worth of really high—quality, skilled intervention, building all of the aspects up of that five—pillar model —— you will probably help someone avoid unnecessary admission to hospital, and most definitely an early admission to care homes, if you build that resilience.

- Q. I think one of the things that we have heard about and will continue to hear about and I think you have alluded to it already is that dementia isn't necessarily a disease that is associated with the elderly or very elderly, because we have heard lot of pre—onset dementia.
- 22 A. Yes.

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- Q. Is that something that your charity is particularlyengaged in?
- 25 A. Yes. So, as I say, there is an image around dementia

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which is quite, you know, significantly founded on a stereotypical image which is actually wrong. I mean, there are something like 4,000, perhaps 5,000 people living with dementia under the age of 65. There are forms of dementia that exist in children. There's childhood dementia. So if you think about dementia less as that being the condition and think about the brain diseases that lead up to dementia, you will soon realise that the reason it perhaps, you know, manifests itself in older age is because of the duration of time that the disease has had to progress through someone's brain. It changes the perception.

So, I mean, one of our key aims is to help people understand that, that actually, you know, whilst indeed many, many older people experience dementia, that has actually been building up for numerous years, and support needs to be put in place much, much sooner, to help do all the things I described in terms of that building resilience and helping people live well with dementia. And we thankfully are doing some good work on that in Scotland. I think we actually are a little bit ahead of the curve with this, which is something to be proud of, I think.

- 24 Q. Thank you.
 - Can we go to paragraph 13 of your statement, please,

because I think you transition from giving some of the
 background and the services that your organisation
 provides to talking about the campaigning aspect of your
 organisation.

I am going to ask you to read some of this, if 6 I may, Mr Simmons. Before I do, can I just ask you at this stage, and perhaps preparatory to some of the other information that I am going to seek to obtain from you, obviously you say in paragraph 13 that, as a campaigning 10 organisation, you seek to influence policy and change; 11 in the period before the pandemic, were you involved at 12 any stage in preparing for a pandemic -- not necessarily 13 the pandemic we experienced, but preparing for 14 a pandemic?

- 15 A. We only became involved in early March, February. We
 weren't part of a pandemic planning group of any nature
 prior to the pandemic, no.
- Q. Do you feel I will deal with this in a little more
 detail it would have been of advantage to Scotland,
 society in general and obviously those suffering
 dementia in particular, if you had been involved in that
 pre—pandemic planning?
- A. I think if there had been any work done to prepare for
 a pandemic that did not include a very significant focus
 on people with dementia and us as an organisation, that

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- 1 would be a huge mistake.
- 2 Q. Right.

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Just taking that probably a little bit further, and I think probably fairly obviously, that is because I think you and a lot of others that we have heard from within the Inquiry, and will continue to hear from, did envisage that one of the groups that would be most impacted by a pandemic which involved, in particular, isolation were those in care homes and the elderly, particularly those suffering from dementia.

10 11 A. Yes. I mean, Mr Gale, look, our perspective is if you sort of break things down into really vulnerable groups, you have close to 30,000 people living within 13 14 care homes, probably 18,000 to 20,000 of them have got 15 dementia diagnosis and some not; and then you have got 16 60,000 people potentially living in the community at 17 home, and they are spread across the spectrum of the 18 condition. So many, many people living at home will be 19 in the advanced stage of dementia and maybe receiving 20 a level of support that allows them to stay at home; 21 many others will be in that middle/moderate stage, 22 receiving support from organisations such as ourselves 23 and many others; and then there will be people who are 24 in that very early stage who are just coming to terms

1	just on the way to getting a diagnosis.	1	Α.	Yes.
2	So that is a huge population that rely mainly on	2		As well as raising awareness of dementia, we
3	human intervention. There are only four drugs to	3		campaign for the rights of people with dementia. We are
4	support people with dementia, and they don't support	4		a campaign organisation seeking to influence policy and
5	every type of dementia. So the essence of how we care	5		change, and we do that through developing strong
6	for people with dementia is all about individual	6		research evidence—based policy reports or by running
7	support, and about really detailed understanding of how	7		significant campaigns. At the present time, the two
8	to best support that person and their family. If you	8		best examples of that are:
9	don't have that, you $$ well, we will probably, I am	9		Our Fair Dementia Care campaign, which seeks to
10	sure, discuss it, but you will find very quickly the	10		bring an end to what we regard as unfair charging
11	crisis that people find themselves in without that level	11		policies in residential care for people living with
12	of support.	12		advanced dementia. We are presenting to the government
13	THE CHAIR: Just a second, Mr Gale. May I ask a question of	13		at the present time a strong legal case to what we think
14	Mr Simmons.	14		is the basis of that, and this has been a two- or
15	You said a couple of answers ago that you weren't	15		three—year campaign.
16	involved in any planning prior to March. You didn't	16		Our Long Term Care Commission, which is chaired by
17	give the date, but I am assuming it is 2020.	17		Henry McLeish, former First Minister for Scotland, and
18	A. Yes.	18		Henry also chaired the Fair Dementia Care commission for
19	THE CHAIR: Yes.	19		us. This is looking at what long—term care looks like,
20	It's also apparent from the parts of your statement	20		particularly as a consequences of the pandemic.
21	that Mr Gale has already been asking questions in	21		We also have a large piece of work ongoing about
22	relation to that your organisation has a fair bit of	22		research and prevention, and we are running a project
23	connection with the Scottish Government. I see they	23		that is mainly funded by the Scottish Government, which
24	fund you for certain things, and it's also fairly	24		is about brain health and dementia prevention. This is
25	obvious that you have a degree of dialogue $$	25		called Brain Health Scotland and is trying to help the
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1	A. Yes.	1		public understand much earlier what they can do to
2	THE CHAIR: —— no doubt varies from time to time with	2		protect their brain health, and this is an example of
3	Scottish Government, is that fair?	3		how the charity tries to innovate and develop new ways
4	A. Yes, my Lord.	4		of thinking.
5	THE CHAIR: Do I infer —— and I think it is a fair	5		Alzheimer Scotland funds research projects. Some of
6	inference — that the Scottish Government never	6		these include supporting a brain tissue bank at
7	approached you prior to March 2020 to ask for your views	7		Edinburgh University, funding an Alzheimer Scotland
8	or any input you may have in relation to pandemic	8		centre for policy and practice at the University of the
9	planning?	9		West of Scotland, and, until recently, funding a centre
10	A. No, they did not, and we never approached them either.	10		in Edinburgh that has been ongoing for over ten years.
11	It wasn't something that was on our radar that we were	11		We also run an important research recruitment
12	trying to get access to. I mean, our focus and policy	12		programme in Scotland called Join Dementia Research,
13	work was very much on developing the dementia	13		which is a UK-wide initiative. Our aim is to prevent,
14	strategies .	14		care and cure, and our mission is to make sure no one
15	THE CHAIR: No, I understand that, but you will understand	15		faces dementia alone.
16	I'm $$ no offence to you $$ more concerned with what the	16	Q.	Okay, thank you.
17	Scottish Government may or may not have done.	17		Now, the next section of your statement, you go on
18	A. Yes.	18		to consider the impact of the pandemic on front—line
19	THE CHAIR: Mr Gale.	19		services . This is obviously quite a significant section
20	MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord.	20		of your statement and a significant area of your

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concern.

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Just going back to paragraph 13 of your statement,

I wonder if I could ask you to read from paragraph 13

through to the end of paragraph 15, because I think this

encapsulates a lot of your campaigning and some of your

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So, again, I would like you to read through that

questions about it. But if you read, if you would, from

section and, at the end, I will ask you one or two

paragraph 16 through to 33, please.

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ongoing work.

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here in Scotland. We saw what was going on in Europe, 4 and we were incrementally carrying out initiatives and 5 engaging with government. I have to say that the 6 engagement at the start of the pandemic with the government was particularly good. We were working very 8 closely with senior government officials, the 9 Deputy Chief Medical Officer and highlighting the 10 concerns and issues. 11 We were concerned that there is a huge population of 12 vulnerable people who at that point in time were having 13 to absorb very frightening information that the pandemic 14 was coming. We were trying to keep things stable, keep 15 people well-informed, to make sure each time a new phase 16 was coming, we were communicating that to people. We 17 were also highlighting back to government about the 18 concerns -- what the concerns were from the front line 19 and how we could work together to alleviate some of 20 that. An example of this was a leaflet that went out to

A. So prior to the pandemic, we were trying to prepare for

the potential impact the pandemic would have arriving

We were trying to balance the risks of what we were facing. We had 500/600 staff many of them were going to be engaging directly face—to—face with service users

everybody in Scotland about emergency contact details,

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through services or home visits.

including our helpline number.

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A challenge for us was when track and trace stopped, as we were still running services for people, and to minimise the risk to our day services, we set in place several protocols, including buying 600 thermometers. We gave a thermometer to every member of staff and monitored each person's temperature before coming to

When test and trace at that time stopped, there was a period when people had to isolate if they had a symptom, and there was not the availability for testing. During that process, we were communicating to government the challenges to day services and indeed home visits.

When lockdown occurred, we went from a fully functioning organisation providing all face—to—face support to having some 600 staff working at home.

The impact of that on us as an organisation was that a good number of people who previously had been receiving care from us were now at home and not able to go out, and needing quite a lot of support. What we then tried to do was increase our helpline capacity, and we encouraged people to contact us if they needed things like food, medication or just connections.

We also worked out a way all the staff that

previously ran our day services went onto the phones and started making sure people were okay. At that time, we got everyone settled down and worked out who were the most vulnerable people. We couldn't go into someone's house, but we could go and do an essential door visit to make sure someone was okay or drop something off to them.

The team leaders we had in place were all working through detailed assessments of individuals to understand who was most at risk. If there were people with high levels of vulnerability, we would be highlighting that. The most important thing was to maintain contact with people to make sure that they were constantly engaged with us, and over time our colleagues got very skilled and articulate at developing support through telephone contact.

We then started running online support groups and activities . We started using Teams and Zoom. All of our football groups, artwork and therapeutic activities moved online, which I think was a remarkable achievement.

We were painfully aware that, behind all of that, there was a population of people that the digital and online activity would be difficult to reach, and our localities were doing well and seeking to continue the

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support for people.

Our concern wasn't just for the people who we were supporting. There are 90,000 people living with dementia in Scotland. We were 100% certain that, as soon as the measures of lockdown started, the pressure on that community, especially on carers, would be inordinate, and we were extremely concerned about what their experiences would be like.

That group included people who recently had a diagnosis but who weren't able to access post—diagnosis support. There were also people waiting for a diagnosis, and that is a horrific place to be. They couldn't get it. All other services around about that dementia diagnosis were closed.

There are lots of people with dementia with complex needs. It was also a challenge to navigate non-face-to-face contact with GPs, and we were concerned there would be a physical impact on some people because they couldn't access the general healthcare services in the same way. There were complex hurdles to access these services.

In addition, there were people living at home and people living in care homes, and our responsibility as a representative organisation was to try and highlight the issues these individuals were experiencing directly

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into government, and use that information to reshape our services.

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The impact on our staff was huge. To begin with, we had to get staff in a place where they made the transition to working at home, and we helped them do that. We then started to embrace technology, and an example of this is I did a weekly update video call for all staff. We tried extremely hard to keep staff on board. I think they found the initial days traumatic as our staff are all about relationships with people. They did their best to maintain relationships.

My main concern at that time was for the people living with dementia in the community. There were three big areas that we felt would be problematic for them. People would run out of money quickly, food or medication, and a lot of people we supported would have their regular routines of popping out to the Post Office to pick up their pension, get some shopping then go to the pharmacy. All that stopped. We were trying to make sure no one was left completely on their own with that.

During this time, we had a strong connection with the Scottish Government's Dementia Policy team. I was talking almost daily with senior civil servants trying to influence policy, but at the same time get advice back. I felt at that time we did some positive work to

1 help the communication and let the government understand 2 the experiences people were going through, and we were 3 receiving information back relating to how COVID 4 spreads, etc.

Q. I will just stop you there, Mr Simmons.

Just going back over some of the things you have said in that section, right back at the beginning, in paragraph 16, you say that at the start of the pandemic, the engagement with government was particularly good, and you say that you were working very closely with senior government officials, the Deputy Chief Medical Officer, and highlighting the concerns and issues.

Can you give us a little more detail of that, please.

15 A. Yes, sure. So what we engaged around were primarily the issue of how, first of all, we communicate. So we designed leaflets explaining, you know, the virus and how to use the sort of measures in place at that time. So we designed joint leaflets and shared that communication. We were also getting advice about how the virus spread, and there was quite a bit of dubiety at that point in time. So there were issues about: could it be spread just through people having symptoms, or if someone was asymptomatic, would it spread?

Mr Gale, like I described to you, at this point we

to make sure that we don't become a risk factor within that, and we are trying to make sure that all of our staff and the people that are coming are following, you know, good hand and respiratory hygiene.

have hundreds of people, indeed thousands of people,

receiving support within our services, and we are trying

Q. Just to stop you there, you say you wished to avoid 8 being a risk factor; how would you have been a risk 9 factor?

A. I think if our staff hadn't been really, really diligent 10 11 and all the mitigating measures, and if we hadn't been 12 so focused around making sure that if people had any 13 symptom at all -- which is where the thermometer was 14 important, because in the first couple of weeks we maybe 15 had one or two people around one of our services that 16 might have been going through the test and protect 17 system, which meant they had been connected to someone 18 who had been tested, and so we were able to monitor that very carefully. That stopped, so we were then faced 19 20 with: what is the best way of ensuring that any of our 21 staff coming to work actually are as safe as possible? 22 So the idea that we came up with was: well, one of 23 the key symptoms is a temperature and a cough, so that 24 led to us having a very consistent process of every single member of staff, before they came to work, went

through a protocol of taking their own temperature, making sure they had no symptoms, making sure they hadn't been around anyone with symptoms, and then coming to work safely. I think that was essential to keep it

And that is where we were engaging. We were talking to senior officials . We were getting advice back about the symptoms. We were part of a group that was trying to keep things going for probably quite an intense twoor three-week period.

11 Q. In that very early period, your dialogue with government 12 officials , I understand that you were receiving from 13 officials information about transmission of the virus, 14 etc; what were you giving back to officials at that 15 time? What information at that very early stage were 16 you conveying back to officials?

17 A. So the types of thing -- we were probably at that point 18 just highlighting the scale of services and the number 19 of people that we would be thinking about. Sadly, we 20 don't have very good data on dementia in Scotland, and 21 we would be, at that point in time, getting an 22 assessment of: how many people had phoned our helpline 23 up, what were the issues coming through the helpline, 24 what types of things do we have to think about, and we would feed that directly in.

1 We would also be feeding in our experiences of what 2 was the interpretation of our community in terms of the 3 measures that we have been asked to take and is that 4 working, what do we need to do about that, and we would 5 feed that in 6 Q. Now, I don't want you to disclose the names of any particular officials that you were dealing with, but was 8 there a particular department that you were liaising 9 with, with this information? A. Yes, I was working extremely closely with the dementia 10 11 policy team at that point in time, a named individual. 12 and the type of relationship that we had was actually 13 quite longstanding; we had worked together on a number 14 of strategies, so that was fine. But we would be able 15 to call each other within a half hour if we needed to 16 speak, there wasn't any delay. If there were issues 17 that we had to discuss or engage with, both parties 18 would react to that. We were taking it incredibly 19 seriously , trying to get as much safety into our system 20 as possible. 21 Q. At that very early stage -- and I think we are all 22 mindful of the fact that in many respects we were 23 dealing with the unknown --24 A. Yes. Q. -- what was of particular concern to you at that very 29

1 early stage?

2 A. I think we obviously were looking across to Europe, we 3 were seeing the types of things that were happening. We 4 were getting information about the fact that, actually, 5 this virus could be airborne, and there was, you know, 6 in the early days, I think a fear level that was permeating through our community in such a way that, you 8 know, it was just terrifying for people, and my biggest 9 concern was to try and make sure that those individuals 10 that we were connected with and supported felt confident 11 in the advice that we were giving them, and that the 12 advice we were giving them was accurate and as detailed 13 and as well balanced as possible, and trying to reassure 14 people that we would be there for them and we would help 15 get people through this. Q. An aspect of that is obviously communication.

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18 Q. We will come to this in further detail as we go through your statement. 19

What are the particular difficulties of communicating with the dementia community, if I can put it that way?

23 A. I think what -- we obviously have a very sort of 24 dedicated communications team, and there are various

25 ways that we would reach out to people. So at that point in time, there are a number of people that you know through their families and connections that you could probably reach through a social media communication, for example. But for many more people, it's a matter of writing and a matter of engaging and directly communicating.

We also have a large group of people who receive 8 ${\it updates} \; -- \; {\it a} \; {\it monthly} \; {\it update} \; {\it from} \; {\it myself} \; {\it as} \; {\it just} \; {\it members}$ 9 and supporters. So we can get general communications 10 out. But what we were never able to do -- and we simply 11 wouldn't have had the resources for that -- would be identify who the 90,000 people living with dementia are 13 in Scotland and send a communication out directly to 14 everyone. We had to rely on public messaging coming 15 from government across the broader areas of 16 communications to reach that community.

17 Q. I take it also -- if I can put it this way -- the tone 18 and content of what you would be communicating would be 19 important, given the recipients of the information.

20 A. Yes, and that is where I think the partnership working 21 was pretty much important, because we were agreeing what 22 the main message would be and then putting that out into 23 as -- well, for want of a better term, as 24 dementia—friendly language as possible, trying to make it something that people could understand, and I think

that was -- that worked pretty well, Mr Gale. 1

Q. Thank you.

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I am just taking a number of points from that passage, a number of paragraphs that you have read, Mr Simmons.

Can we go to paragraph 30, where you talk about people living at home, people living in care homes, and

"Our responsibility as a representative organisation was to try and highlight the issues that these individuals were experiencing directly into Government and use that information to reshape our services."

I think you have explained what you were trying to convey to officials . Can you just explain how you were utilising the information that you were receiving to, as you put it, "reshape our services"?

17 So if you imagine that we start to receive a really 18 significant increase in number of helpline calls and issues and concerns about, shall I say, for example, 19 20 people worried about getting money, worried about 21 getting medication, food, so we would then feed that in 22 and follow that up with perhaps some proposals about 23 what could be done about it. And indeed, from my perspective, what we did -- and this is a little bit 24 further on, Mr Gale, from the very early stages, but

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what we did was we realised that we had to bolster that front—line support, so as well as having the helpline. we then brought in some of our dementia advisers and skilled practitioners to help people at that point in time. We also then sought to use our localities to provide that front line.

But what was also happening was that other organisations $\,--\,$ there were other really good community initiatives starting to take place, so you would want to try and make sure that that was all strategically coming together and that there was a connection between that. and at one point the general idea was that there may be one national helpline that would then feed people out into sort of like, you know, more specific areas. So if someone contacted the national line, they would then -if it was someone with dementia, they would then come to us and we would support that person or support that locality .

So this work was -- I mean I don't think it ever really got, like, a fully embedded strategic sort of. you know, strong position going forward, but in the early days, that was the type of work that was being discussed and the types of things that were being looked at and considered.

Q. Thank you.

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You mentioned that the impact on your staff was huge, and I think we can readily understand that; not only at the beginning of the pandemic, but as the pandemic progressed.

 ${\rm Did\ you\ lose\ many\ staff} \, -- \, {\rm I\ mean,\ did\ many\ staff}$

- 6 just leave the organisation during the pandemic? 7 A. That was never a big feature. I couldn't give you 8 an absolute figure just now. But, no, I mean, I have to 9 say, the -- what -- if you imagine, our staff are 10 ranging from a support worker who works within day 11 service, to a dementia adviser operating across 12 a community to a link worker. Their level of commitment 13 was remarkable, and I think -- I mean, it is further on 14 in the statement, Mr Gale, but our staff were wanting to 15 be out in the front line, they were wanting to visit 16 people, they were wanting to open up services. They 17 weren't stepping back from it; they were desperately 18 keen to step towards it. And, as a chief executive, 19 that was probably one of the most challenging things for 20 me, was to see all of these staff who were dedicated and 21 committed to helping people, but having to hold them 22
- 23 Q. And I imagine something about which you would be very 24
- A. Without a shadow of a doubt. I think the way that our

staff, when we got back out, were very brave, and what they did to innovate and develop, and to go the extra mile for people, I probably don't even know the extent of that, but the sort of ethos amongst them was just remarkable.

- 6 Q. Can we go on to the impact on individuals and families at paragraph 34. Again, can I hand back you to read 8 some of this, please. If you read from paragraph 34 to 9 the end of paragraph 40, please.
- 10 A. The people we supported were extremely impacted by all 11 the measures, and I think disproportionately by the 12 measures overall. If you were to start at the far end 13 of the dementia spectrum, the people with advanced 14 dementia who require 24-hour care, who live in a care home environment, maybe not having the capacity 15 16 to consent or the ability to agree to some of the 17 measures that were being implemented. What we were 18 concerned about was the day-to-day experience of people 19 being isolated in their room.

Then there were people with more advanced dementia who were looked after in terms of day services or looked after at home by their families. This was a significant level of need, and all of those individuals were now getting passed onto families. There was little in the way of other support to get into that person's home, no

respite, and a lot of our work previously had been giving family carers the opportunity to have a day or an afternoon respite.

Due to the pressure on the families, we got a sharp increase of helpline calls and people looking for increased levels of support on the telephone. We then increased our helpline capacity to give people more support and so we could take more calls, and we found there were lots of stress and distress.

10 Q. Can I just pause there. Stress and distress on whom? 11 A. The majority of calls we were receiving were directly from carers, and at this point in time, Mr Gale, what 13 happened was that everything stopped around about that 14 carer and that family, unless there was a real sort of 15 significant, substantial need and a big level of support 16 going in, and the family were then faced with -- and 17 this is at the point of lockdown -- being entirely on 18 their own, 24/7, with very little access to support.

> If you can imagine that someone who is trying to understand that, who is living with a complex form of dementia, and a carer on their own trying to help that person understand that, but not just that, trying to get through their day, not knowing if they are going to be able to get their shopping or have a meal for the next day, not knowing if they can get to their GP, not

1 knowing if they can get access to any form of support --2 this was the types of calls we were receiving, and the 2 A. Yes. 3 type of stress and distress that our community was 4 under. 4 5 Q. Thank you. 5 6 Carry on at 37, please. 7 A. Then there is the group who were recently diagnosed. We 8 would have normally been working with many of these 8 9 people to help them build resilience to continue to live 9 10 10 well with dementia so that they could keep going to 11 everyday community activities. That all stopped. At 11 12 the point of diagnosis, we tried to use every single 13 part of the person's community and their own personal 13 14 strengths to build a platform that gives them resilience 14 15 15 to live well with dementia. That platform was not 16 there, with only their family for support. 16 17 Finally, you had a group of people who were waiting 17 18 on a diagnosis, and there are potentially 15,000 to 18 19 19 20,000 people each year developing dementia in Scotland, 20 and all of them sitting not getting a diagnosis. 20 21 What we saw very quickly was that the impact of 21 22 lockdown and the measures were falling on carers, family 22 23 members and the stress they were under was huge. People 23 2.4 were desperate. In addition to these issues, some of 24 25 these people developed COVID symptoms or COVID and were 37 1 admitted to hospital. Carers were not allowed to go 1 2 2 with them. Our staff were dealing with carers saving. 3 "My husband has been taken to hospital in an ambulance, 4 4

admitted to hospital. Carers were not allowed to go with them. Our staff were dealing with carers saying, "My husband has been taken to hospital in an ambulance, but I can't go with them". There were many people who never saw their loved ones again. We quickly saw trauma and pain and levels of despair that I have never witnessed in my whole working life before. We tried our best to help them but, very quickly, it became a crisis.

In the initial stages, we were preparing for the pandemic, and this included producing information leaflets, communications and risk management approaches to try and keep services going. We were in a situation where we tried to remodel our services to give people support. At that point, we saw very quickly through our front—line services a level of crisis and stress.

Q. Now, can I ask you a few questions particularly about paragraph 39 and 40.

Obviously one is progressing into the pandemic, as you are reflecting here. I am not particularly concerned about precise dates, Mr Simmons, but I think we can infer various things from what you say, and if you can give some indication of time frames, that would be helpful, but I am not looking for precise dates.

You say at the beginning of paragraph 39: "What we saw very quickly was that the impact of

1 lockdown and the measures were falling on carers ..."

 $\begin{array}{lll} 3 & Q. & \mbox{First of all} \; , \; \mbox{can you give some context to what was} \\ 4 & & & "very quickly"? \end{array}$

A. So, I mean, for us, even the message about lockdown caused significant stress to people, and the calls to our helpline, probably as soon as lockdown was announced, was: what am I going to do? How can I get help? What is going to happen?

Soon after that, the issue about whether or not people could go and visit someone, in terms of their family members coming to that person's house, in terms of social care provision, what we very quickly saw was that most things stopped and people were, as we know, locked down. That is when I think the normal levels of community support, the normal levels of family support, the normal levels of state facilities and support just were gone, and people were trying their best to get through that.

So we did have — I couldn't give you a precise number, but within a two— or three—week period, you know, we certainly had people who were really struggling to get access to their medication, who were really struggling to — online shopping wasn't a great big thing in that period of time. There was — I mean,

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these were — the primary initial concerns we had was, like, goodness, people won't have cash, they can't get out to go to the bank. They maybe went to the Post Offices; they are all shut. They won't be able to go and get shopping because you couldn't get it in supermarkets. It was really practical, you know, like, essentials that we were deeply, deeply concerned about getting to people.

9 Q. You give the example, which I think is probably
10 obviously anecdotal, of a carer phoning up and
11 indicating that her husband had been taken to hospital,
12 query whether that person was ever going to see her
13 husband again. Was that something that happened on
14 a number of occasions?

15 A. Yes. Yes. Again, I'm afraid I don't have any sort oflike hard Quantative data on that.

17 Q. No, I am not looking for that.

A. But, Mr Gale, I mean, very often, I would have staff
members needing to be supported by our senior leaders to
deal with that, because they were receiving calls of
that nature quite frequently. And just — I mean,
family members just in absolute, you know, bewilderment
as to: how on earth can my loved one go to hospital and
for me not to be able to go with them or see them?

And then we also had people trying to get contact

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numbers in the hospital, trying to find out where their 1 2 loved one was, and, you know, I completely understand 3 the difficulties hospitals were experiencing at that 4 point in time, but there was just that basic, you know, 5 information about how a person was doing and how they 6 were fairing and what the treatment plan was, just stopped, and in a sense -- not in every circumstance, 8 obviously, but for some people, that was the last time 9 they saw their loved one, and they then had to deal with 10 the -- well, the grief and the trauma of that. 11 But we were picking up -- and not just us: I'm sure 12 other organisations very much were in the same 13 position -- we were picking up people in that position 14 and trying our best to help them deal with that. But 15 very, very traumatic for that individual, and for the 16 staff that were dealing with that. 17 Q. You mentioned twice in 39 and 40 -- you say, "Very 18 quickly it became a crisis", and then you refer to 19 "a level of crisis and stress". 20 Can you indicate what you mean by "crisis", and for 21 whom it was a crisis? 22 A. Yes. So my meaning of "crisis" in that circumstance is

a one—off event; it is pretty broad, it's happening

pretty regularly, and it really -- it needs urgent

that it is not just for one individual, it's not

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attention. And I think there is no doubt it is a crisis for the individuals involved, but for us, we were looking at this and thinking: we've moved from a reasonable system — not a perfect system of, like, dementia care at all in Scotland, not perfect at all, but we've moved from a reasonable system, reasonably well-positioned in terms of diagnosis and post-diagnostic support and day services and advanced care, to having none of that, and we are expecting somehow, through, you know, their own resilience and determination, families to pick up on all of that on

That is where the crisis came from, and that is, in my opinion, an unreasonable expectation, to think that you can take away a whole care system and hand that over to families to deal with.

17 THE CHAIR: Putting it objectively, would it be fair to say that the services which you had, as you explained, over a relatively long period of time developed and were developing could no longer be delivered by you?

21 A. My Lord, that is exactly correct. Everything had to 22 stop. And the difficult part, my Lord, about that is 23 that it's all that human intervention which is the 24 service. So it's all based on your ability to interact

and support individuals and give them that strength of

connectivity and connection, and that is the thing that probably we were very proud of about -- in Scotland, and not just Alzheimer Scotland, but a lot of dementia practitioners, having transformed our system over the past 15/20 years towards that, and I think had a reasonable system. It did stop. 7

THE CHAIR: Mr Gale.

MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord.

9 Just taking that slightly forward, Mr Simmons, you 10 had a difficulty $\,--\,$ or your staff had a difficulty $\,--\,$ of 11 providing the level of service that you had been doing. and, of course, those who were in a position in the 13 community to care for people with dementia were 14 similarly having a difficulty in providing the sort of level of care that they could provide. 15

16 A. Yes.

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17 ${\sf Q}.\;\;{\sf So}$ it was just -- make it sound facetious, but it was 18 a double-whammy.

19 A Yes without a shadow of a doubt, and I think that 20 the -- I mean, at that point in time, as I referred 21 earlier -- later on, Mr Gale, in my statement, 22 we weren't pandemic experts, we weren't -- we didn't 23 understand how to handle a pandemic. We were trying to 24 help people understand why these measures were there. We were taking the advice and the lead from the

government and scientists on that. But at the same 1 time, every aspect of what you would regard as a community infrastructure was just having to stop. And that is where I think the -- a human service of the 4 nature of dementia care, you can't do that. You just 6 can't stop everything, you know. That is where the biggest problem starts to arise.

8 Q. Can we go to paragraph 41 and following, because there 9 you say "What we did about this".

10 Again, can I ask you to read through to the end of 11 paragraph 45, please.

12 A. So in May 2020, we wrote a proposal to the government 13 requesting that we open our resource centres to provide 14 people with short respite breaks. This was two months 15 into the pandemic.

> We were so deeply concerned that people needed respite, social connection and opportunity, and we designed a system to use all our resource centres, with proper social distancing, with very small numbers, for a couple of hours. We felt that people were missing out

We started highlighting these issues directly into the dementia policy team at the Scottish Government, and I wrote a couple of proposals at that time. The biggest areas of concern in the early days was the need

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1 to give people help and support. 2 What seemed to happen was that the Scottish 3 Government created the structures through which they 4 were going to make bigger generic decisions. An example 5 of this was the CPAG group that was set up, and other 6 groups were established. CPAG is Clinical Professional 7 Advisory Group. Our proposals, which in the past would 8 have been decided upon by the dementia policy team, had 9 to go through the bigger groups and boards, and we never 10 got permission to open up our resource centres in May 11 2020. It was at that point I felt that dementia started 12 to get lost and our client group started to fall down 13 the priority order. 14 We didn't get our centres opened up until a year 15 later, even though we had a comprehensive risk 16

assessment and plans. We were constantly writing, campaigning and highlighting that need. We published the first version of our COVID-19: The Hidden Impact report in November 2020, and we updated this in July 2021. The report highlighted all the concerns that we had. The impact of the measures on people's physical, psychological and emotional health were huge, but add into that people living with dementia and their family going through this -- it's phenomenal. We pushed hard for our resources to get opened back up. The impact of

- 1 these centres not being open was detrimental to their health and well-being. 2
- 3 Q. Can I stop you there. A few things from that section of your statement, Mr Simmons. 4

Going back to paragraph 41, you say in May 2020, so two and a half months into the pandemic, you wrote a proposal to government requesting that you open up resource centres. Why did you do that?

9 A. Sorry?

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- 10 Q. Why did you do that?
 - A. Mainly because of what I have described. Mr Gale, the crisis that people were going through and what they were experiencing. And also, whilst we were -- and I should say I think we were supporting a lot of people in a very positive way through our online and digital activities and connections. We delivered about 6,000 online groups and were helping many people in that way, and for many people that was quite a strong level of support. We just knew so many other people who couldn't utilise the online supports needed that time, needed some support, needed some respite.

We also wanted to use our skills because, I mean, within our services, we know there's things that we do help alleviate the symptoms of dementia. We know that by providing cognitive stimulation, engagement in proper

activities and reminiscence work, we help people maintain their sense of self, we help people just live better with dementia, and we weren't reaching everyone. So our concern was that.

And actually, I think I was very, very fortunate insofar as I had a really great safety and well-being team who got on top of all the sort of measures and guidance, and we wrote really detailed, very intricate proposals about how we could do this safely and in a way that would meet all the guidance that was available at 10 11

- 12 Q. Obviously a point I was actually going to ask you about: 13 how to do this safely; this was a part of what you were 14 proposing to government.
- 15 A. Yes. We actually, like, you know, submitted it as part 16 of our Rule 8 evidence.
- 17 Q. Yes.
- 18 A. We wrote very detailed -- from the point of someone 19 leaving the house to coming to the centre and what would 20 happen in terms of cleaning everything and all the sort 21 of forms of cross-infection measures. We -- I think my 22 team did a fantastic job with that, and it could have 23 been done, in all regards, as safely as anything else was being done. You know, there are no guarantees that 2.4 it was non -- risk-free, it was obviously going to have

- some risk attached to it, but the balance that we were 1 arguing was the risk of not doing it was starting to
- outweigh the risk of doing it, and we were quite
- confident that if the measures that were in place to
- 5 minimise risk were competent, then we could have competently delivered that.
- Q. We will come to the balance that you have alluded to there in due course. Mr Simmons, but so far as you were 9 concerned in May 2020, this balance was coming into
- 10 play?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. You say in paragraph 44 that the government structures 13 that were in place, particularly through the CPAG group,
- 14 were ones, as you put it, "to make bigger generic
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- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Do I take it as a consequence of that the more -
- 18 I won't say "micro", but the more detailed proposals
- that you were making in relation to dementia, you put 19
- 20 it, were lost?
- 21 A. Yes, Mr Gale. What we found started to happen was that
- 22 that very strong connection and engagement with the
- 23 dementia policy team continued. The dementia policy
- 2.4 team -- and we are on the outside of this. Mr Gale, so
 - I can't say for a fact what happened there, but the

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3 that up the way, and that that decision or that request 4 then had to be put in balance with numerous other 5 decisions that were being made, and what seemed to us to 6 happen was that —— this is where the formation of 7 blanket decisions started to come into play. So it 8 would be things like: no day care can open up at the 9 present time, no visiting in hospital, no -- very big 10 sort of like generic approaches to decision-making. 11 Now, we followed on our arguments, not right at this 12 point in time but later in the day. We were arguing to 13 say that dementia policy team actually should have been 14 a directorate and it should have had its own dedicated 15 directorate, and that directorate should have had the 16 power to look after the issues of people with dementia 17 throughout this pandemic, and we really -- we got to 18 that later on in the day and wrote proposals to say this

impression that I had was that the dementia policy team,

rather than being able to make a decision, had to refer

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specifically around that. And in a sense, Mr Gale, the -- you know, these

is what really needs to happen. Because the size and

scale of dementia and the number of people living with

dementia, and indeed the issues that were evolving

dementia lens and focus and to make decisions

within care homes, it was merited to have a dedicated

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would be -- these were big decisions that could have been taken. They weren't small minutiae. You know. arguing to restore a form of, you know, human intervention and care for people with dementia across Scotland is a big decision, and it really should have had its own focus. And I think what happened was that, you know, we were trying to do what we have always done. which was produce evidence and be responsible and, you know, diligent in our efforts to get that in front of key officials and ministers where required. But we just -- we struggled, and we got -- I have to sort of say that, you know, we were getting support from the dementia policy team to try and push these things on. We got good support from areas -- like we wanted to convert our day services to home—based support and we got help to get the Care Inspectorate registration and stuff, so there was stuff that was still happening that was good. But what really, in my view, stopped happening was this engagement of: let's look at dementia, let's look at 90,000 people, let's think from the point of pre-diagnosis to diagnosis to, you know, late-stage care, what are we going to do about that? And I feel we should have had a specific strategy around that. We got a recovery plan a little bit later on, but that missed a lot of what could have been done earlier.

Q. Two things that I can perhaps, again, ask you about just
 for your comment.

I am anxious not to put words in your mouth, but
I will: did you get the impression that once your
representations went from the specific dementia policy
team beyond that, there was a lack of priority being
attributed to it?

8 A. It's very difficult . As I say, we weren't inside to see 9 what the reaction was. But what I suspect would happen 10 would be that we might be making a case for people with 11 dementia, and then, from my own experience. I am pretty 12 certain the learning disability community would be 13 making a case from their perspective, and I am sure 14 others would be making a case. So the various policy 15 teams would be sort of like trying to deal with these 16 issues and representing that into a body such as CPAG to 17

Now, obviously, from my perspective, I am going to argue the case and say: for people with dementia, like, we would have expected to see someone look at our proposals and say: so here's an organisation here that is willing to get their staff back out into the front line, that is prepared to sort of try and mitigate these risks and want to work with us to do that; let's at least try and give it a go. Yes? And then build on the

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priorities behind that. Particularly when we produced 1 2 our hidden impact report in November. By that point, we had one day service that we managed to get open just for a short period of time in Dundee, and then it had to 4 close again because we went into a further period of lockdown. But we feel that we produced a very well-informed comprehensive report that highlighted all of that we have been discussing today. Mr Gale, and put 9 that in front of government. We felt that that would 10 have and should have been treated with a significant 11 degree of reaction.

12 Q. The other point that I would just like to ask you
 13 directly, Mr Simmons: you didn't get permission to open
 14 your resource centres in May 2020; what was your
 15 reaction to that?

16 A. I think, again, look, we had to have some sense of 17 understanding that we weren't pandemic experts, so we --18 yes, we sort of mooted it on the 20th and we wrote 19 a proposal on the 29th, and then what we did was we kept 20 giving people the support we were giving. We then 21 decided to produce a really well-researched report that 22 I mentioned, the hidden impact report. So we went from 23 just writing proposals and making Recommendations through proposals to writing really detailed reports 2.4 with an evidence base behind it alongside that that

became our argument. So we just kept going, and, you 1 explained to you? 2 know, we -- it's not the first time that we would be A. Yes, and I had access to emails and exchanges and saw 3 dealing with government issues, trying to make our case what was going on, my Lord, and it wasn't that nothing 4 and having to consistently make it for prolonged periods 4 was happening, and I suppose from my perspective it was 5 of time, and what we did keep doing, though, was we kept 5 a matter of, like, just keeping pressing on all 6 6 our community informed that we were trying, and we kept different quarters and different areas and trying. And 7 people aware of the fact that we were trying. I have to be very honest and say that there was some 8 And there were parts that we could understand that risk and trepidation about, you know, are we doing the 9 it might be difficult, amidst everything that was going 9 right thing here by trying to get to this point? At 10 10 on, for people to be so focused around about our one that point in time, I couldn't have said I was 100% 11 proposal, but the truth is that the proposal was just 11 confident that there was no risk to this at all. But 12 a reaction to the stress and crisis, and it was just 12 I knew what I think people needed and what had to happen 13 a starting point of what we wanted to see change. 13 and was prepared to take that risk. 14 THE CHAIR: Mr Gale, it's past 11.15 now, so I think we 14 So we were trying to work through the system as it 15 15 should take a break. was to get the best outcome, and, to be fair, the fact 16 But before we do, I would like to ask Mr Simmons one 16 that we got one opened in November before we went back 17 question arising out of what you have just been 17 into lockdown I felt was quite an achievement, quite 18 discussing. It starts with the penultimate sentence in 18 a success, because no one else had at that time, and we 19 paragraph 44, "We never got permission to open our 19 were probably, I think, in some ways getting used as 20 Resources Centres", and you explained how you submitted 20 a potential sort of pilot case to see if it were possible. 21 a plan to them, it was a detailed plan, it had been 21 So I think that, you know, all things considered, 22 thought through, there was a fair amount of work, and 22 23 I think I infer from what you have said that it went on 23 getting to the point where we got one open and we 2.4 2.4 when that wasn't accepted and you prepared a further started to see that it would work gave us great 25 plan, an impact study, which was submitted in November. 25 confidence, and at that point we started to get stronger 1 I understand that, and that is very clear. 1 and stronger about what we felt could happen through the 2 You also have, in fairness, said that you accept you 2 reports and the engagements. 3 weren't pandemic experts, and that no doubt Scottish 3 THE CHAIR: Okay. That is clear. That is helpful. Thank 4 Government had other interested parties that they had to 4 5 consider as well, but was there any time, in May or 5 Shall we come back about 11.35? 6 after May, in between May and November, that the 6 MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord, yes. THE CHAIR: We will take a break now, Mr Simmons. Scottish Government entered into dialogue with you about THE WITNESS: Thank you. 8 these plans that you had submitted? 9 A. My Lord, we were regularly discussing this with our 9 THE CHAIR: Good. 10 10 contacts in the dementia policy team, and I think it (11.20 am) 11 would only be fair of me to say that I suspect they were 11 (A short break) 12 regularly discussing it with their other bodies and 12 (11.35 am) 13 THE CHAIR: Right. Thank you again, Mr Simmons. groups, and I think that the -- as I mentioned, not 13 14 being in the room, but I think it would have been a very 14

THE CHAIR: Yes, I understand, but you are making

23 an inference that the dementia policy team were taking 24 the issues you were raising to some other body, let's

busy room with many, many agendas and issues being

brought to bear, and what we wanted to do was give the

dementia policy team enough evidence and strength of

argument to take that into these environments, and try

and ensure that they could make the case for us, which

is what really was the only way we were going to get

decisions made, my Lord.

assume at a higher strategic level; was that ever

Mr Gale, when you are ready. MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord. Mr Simmons, can we go back to your statement at paragraph 46, and I think you begin with a caveat there that you are aware and were aware that you were not pandemic experts, and had to be guided by Public Health. You then carry on to make a fairly significant statement. Could you just read paragraph 46, please, and then we will look at the individual points that you have set

A. I was aware we were not pandemic experts and had to be

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2 infection travelled, we could understand some of the 3 reasons why it could be difficult for us to do what we 4 wanted to do, but we got stronger in saying the impact 5 on people was so significant that we were seeing people 6 in the early stages of dementia jump to a mid-stage, more advanced stage rapidly, and all of this is 8 contained within the COVID impact report, and we 9 highlighted --10 Q. Can I stop you before you go into the particular points. 11 This seems to reflect an increasing confidence in 12 the view that, against the -- if I can put it this 13 way -- matter of infection control, there was 14 a balancing concern that you had in relation to the 15 impact on the dementia cohort within Scotland: is that 16 right?

guided by Public Health. Once we realised how the

17 A. Yes, Mr Gale.

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18 Q. You go on to highlight the following key points. And 19 I have read this several times and I think, overall, it 20 is a very, if I may say, comprehensive and a very 21 insightful set of points.

22 I wonder if you would just read through them, 23 please.

A. So we highlighted the following key points: 2.4

The impact of social isolation and loneliness.

Impact on well-being and mental health of the loss of usual support networks, both formal and informal, and resulting loss of meaningful social interaction.

Negative impact on relationships: frustration of people with dementia not understanding the reasons for restrictions leading to friction within the family and

Impact of increased burden of care on family carers and resulting carer stress.

The trauma of increased stress and distress among people with dementia and the family carers who were trying to cope with it alone.

Carers reported a decrease in their physical and mental health from the additional burden of caring as a consequence of the lack of previous formal/informal supports.

The impact of not being able to spend time with family members in care homes caused substantial levels of anxiety and emotional trauma for both families and people with dementia.

People with dementia and their families reported that the symptoms of dementia increased, and those cognitive skills declined as a consequence of the isolation they experienced.

The emotional stress and loss felt by carers of

people with dementia being admitted to care homes because of accelerated symptoms of dementia and carers struggling to cope.

Emotional trauma care home admissions which were often abrupt, unexpected and often pressured because of lack of alternative supports.

The emotional trauma of bereavement during the pandemic, not being there at the death of a loved one. restrictions in funeral services, lack of ritual and family support in grieving together.

11 Carers delaying treatment for health conditions and ignoring their own health due to their increased caring 13 responsibilities and lack of respite or breaks from 14

15 Carer exhaustion, overwhelming stress, and feeling 16 inadequate.

17 Q. Just two points I would like to pick up from -- well, 18 actually, three point, if I may.

The third bullet point that you make there, the 19 20 negative impact on relationships; what relationships do 21 you have in mind there?

22 A. So the way that we conducted this research, Mr Gale, was 23 that we got all of our link workers to talk to people 24 and go through an assessment of what was happening. So 25 people were finding it difficult to be in the lockdown

1 environment, perhaps on their own, and just sort of 2 having to deal with some of the challenges and difficulties of that intensity of living with dementia and not having anyone else to help you with it and being there all the time. So we were getting some reports that there were frictions and difficulties there amongst relationships that people were experiencing, that they needed a bit of support with and a bit of time out from that they couldn't get.

Q. And obviously respite was not really an option. 10

11 A. No.

Q. Also you mention that people with dementia and their 13 families reported that symptoms of dementia increased. 14 Is it possible to measure that? Can one actually see 15 that happening?

17 someone who had a recent diagnosis of dementia, you 18 would be looking at perhaps key things that -- what were 19 the main issues. So someone might, for example, be 20 forgetting routines, forgetting, you know, like names,

16 A. I certainly think that you -- if you were living with

21 forgetting places, stuff of that nature, or indeed just 22 having some difficulty with basic function. There's

23 a big difference between that early form of symptoms to 24

someone reaching a point where they don't recognise 25

themselves in a mirror, where they perhaps have no real

is happening, and the progressive nature of that. You 3 would see that very quickly. 4 And I think perhaps that is two different sort of 5 like, you know, extreme positions I have described 6 there, but what we concluded was, on balance of everything that we were hearing, that it looked like 8 people who were in the earlier stages were moving very 9 rapidly to the mid-stages.

understanding of just, you know, where they are and what

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- 10 Q. Was it possible, from the work that you had done and the 11 research that you had then gathered, to at least make 12 an assessment of a causal link between anything that was 13 going on and that increase in the rapidity of the 14 disease?
- 15 A. Yes, we couldn't have -- that would have required 16 a really proper, detailed research approach, but we were 17 confident enough to take what we were hearing from our 18 link workers and what we were getting directly reported 19 from people, carers and people with dementia themselves, 20 to make an informed statement that it was quite clear to 21 us that, because of the lack of any other forms 22 of intervention to support someone's living well with 23 dementia and reduce their symptoms, their symptoms were 2.4 getting far worse. 25

And then on top of that, I think the

interrelationship between physical health and frailty and dementia is also quite important and quite complex. So what we were seeing were people who -- not even being able to go out and get a walk because perhaps that could have led to some difficulties because of social distancing and things of that nature. Physical health was significantly declining. We reported on that.

And we also were seeing some changes in medication prescriptions . So people were getting, you know -- we heard more frequently people were getting prescribed anxiolytics and more sedative medication to help alleviate some of the pressures and tensions. Now, what that then does is it makes people far more sedate and they sit longer and that causes more sort of like physical problems.

So I think we couldn't say for definite, but I think we could make a very well-informed statement around it,

Q. I think it is important that you mention a physical impact, because one of things that I think we picked up, certainly in reading some of the statements $-\!-$ and perhaps one that wouldn't necessarily be immediately apparent -- is a lot of people seem to have reported, either in their loved ones or individuals reporting themselves, difficulties and adverse effects on posture. A. Yes.

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Q. Is that something that you came across?

A. I think we certainly -- we probably would describe it more generically around about frailty, and one of the things obviously we are doing very often within our services and everyone is encouraging people is to keep active, to keep engaged, to keep walking, to keep your heart functioning and your musculoskeletal system getting utilised. That is very difficult when you're 10 in that sort of lockdown period, and the frailty 11 issues — I mean, I am not a frailty expert, but, again, I think what you will hear from experts is that it's 13 quite rapid. You don't have to not be doing something 14 for very long to lose muscle mass and lose posture, and 15 you really need all of that rehabilitation and

So it doesn't take long for there to be quite significant decline physically in people who are not mobile and being supported with that.

physiotherapy support to rebuild that and engage it.

20 Q. Just the final point, if I may — and it perhaps may 21 seem a slightly insignificant point, but I am not sure 22 it is -- the final bullet point, you mention that, so 23 far as carers were concerned, there was a feeling of 24 inadequacy. Can you just give some context to that, please?

1 A. Again, Mr Gale, that would be coming through our -- our link workers are dealing with people in that early or mid stage, and they are getting -- constantly, you know, talking to people and getting the sense back from -- you know, "What more can I do? I am not doing enough. I feel my loved one is declining . I can't get access to help for them."

8 So you would have, you know, that group of people, 9 and then you would have people who were a little bit 10 more progressed who were talking to our dementia 11 advisers and phoning our helpline, and just feeling that probably when they had a need to get access to some form 13 of help or support, that they couldn't do it, they 14 couldn't deliver it themselves, and that sense of, you 15 know, just feeling inadequate, rather unfairly, I think, 16 was very common. I think people felt, "I should be able 17 to fix this", and you had broader family members coming 18 in hoping that they can fix matters to support their 19 mother or father, and they just couldn't. So that level 20 of overwhelming stress and then exhaustion and then just 21 feeling inadequate, it was very common in people.

22 Q. Okay.

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Could you go back to paragraph 47, and from there on to paragraph 59, you talk about further things that you did and interactions that you had with government.

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Would you read on from 47, please. A. As an organisation, we make sure we work with evidence. We put all of that into the Hidden Impact report and made several recommendations. Things like the balance of risk between the measures and the social engagement requirements of people living with dementia, use of anti-psychotic medication. There is evidence presented in the report of other people's work that demonstrates the increase in anti-psychotic medicine, and we were campaigning about the impact of the excess death reports. In that first year, we moved quickly into saying as clearly as we could how this was having a massive effect on our community. We demonstrated aspects like how difficult it would be for someone living with a significant level of dementia to try and deal with understanding social distancing and all the We wrote letters and reports to relevant minsters.

We wrote letters and reports to relevant minsters. We had meetings with ministers, such as Claire Haughey and Jeane Freeman. All of this is listed in our documents that we submitted. From mid—March 2020 onwards, we had regular contact with senior Scottish Government officials from the dementia policy team, mainly via email contact and a regular one—to—one call. We were also part of a weekly stakeholder engagement

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meeting and, throughout this time, we were explaining our concerns and offering proposed solutions. We have been advised that we cannot share the email exchanges, but to give you a sense of what we did, here are a couple of early emails that will allow you to see how these concerns were built into a proposal to open our day services back up for the specific purpose of alleviating the pressure on so many carers and avoiding the ongoing trauma.

So on 20/4/20, I put this to the officials:

"It might be helpful to share some of our further thinking on this. As you know we are starting to see a high volume of calls from our helpline with people struggling to cope with the pressures of lockdown. We think that when people start returning to work, the current family based supports will be lessened and the potential of some people in significant difficulties will increase. We don't think people remaining at home and receiving one—to—one support is enough for some people or for their carers. We are considering if we could use our current day services to provide some form of one—to—one support and much needed respite for those in greatest need.

"The scenario might be, for example, a previous eight—place day care service three staff could provide

three places each day, providing almost one—to—one day care support with lots of room to do so safely, adhering to social distancing and stringent cross infection measures. We think this could be done, but would need full support in terms of testing and PPE.

"We can obviously expand on this, but to me it is definitely possible. One that would allow us to do some meaningful work with individuals and provide much needed meaningful respite for carers.

"We probably will also want to think through small scale forms of therapeutic groupwork, peer support and community connections for those less advanced in the earlier and mid—stages too. We can't expect people to remain completely isolated for several months to a year and I think we could argue that these are essential clinical needs as much as social. We could be talking to this group of people, asking their views on this, and coming up with some safe, small opportunities for people and their families that will complement the online support and connections. Again, similar to the above scenario, this might need to be done with those in greatest need."

We continued to highlight these issues and, on 29/4/2020, I wrote:

"Thank you for agreeing to consider this proposal.

We are desperately keen to develop this and safely offer some form of therapeutic activity for people with dementia and provide some critically important respite for their carers. I have been talking directly with all our staff, Link Workers, Dementia Advisors, locality teams and volunteers and listening to the issues they are dealing with and I am quite clear it is not an exaggeration to say we are sitting on top of a pressure bubble that is ready to burst. Reports from our teams tell me their support calls are getting longer, families are deeply concerned that they can't keep this going and the level of pressure and need for a break is as high as it can be. This is the main driver behind the proposal.

"I also attach an update message for all the people we support and our members, I feel duty bound to reflect to them our understanding of their needs and the current circumstances I want them to know that we are engaged in this discussion. We would like to send this out as part of an automated scheduled member update on Thursday PM, therefore an early indication that this is something that could be considered would be very helpful.

I realise it would be too much to ask for any agreement in principle by this point, so any initial reactions, processes or information required and indeed if it were seen not to be possible that would be very helpful. As

always happy to chat with you and relevant colleagues as required."

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The update referred to in this email can be found on page 1 of Alzheimer Scotland's inventory document 5.

Despite this early indication and preparedness for us to attempt to alleviate some of these issues in order to avoid further trauma, we were only able to open up one centre by August 2020. This was a very small—scale initiative and had to be closed back down again when the measures were changed towards the end of the year. It was not until July 2021 that we managed to open these services on a small scale across the country.

It is normal that the highest proportion of most of the people who contact Alzheimer Scotland are family members and carers, and this was the case during the pandemic. This information comes to Alzheimer Scotland through many routes: our 24—hour freephone dementia helpline, our national network of dementia advisers, our post—diagnostic support link workers, and others, all of whom continued to support people with dementia and their families throughout the pandemic, using mainly telephone and online support.

A cause for concern for us was the decision—making processes becoming a blanket approach. An example would be: no one can do any day care, no one can go into

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a hospital to someone, no one can access a care home.

We were inundated by people with distress saying,

"I can't go to hospital to see my mum or dad and they
are dying".

Initially we understood that people might not be able to enter a care home, but we were also aware that there should be a better way of looking after those individuals with dementia and their families.

For example, I wrote position statements saying any families denied access to a care home should be offered a named person. The named person would help them understand the logic and rationale and help them understand the changes to the guidance. We never thought it was fair to leave the care home manager to deal with all the families on their own.

Q. In that section you quote from two emails where you put proposals to officials, both in April 2020. So the context of that is, again, very early in the pandemic, and you were making these proposals.

In paragraph 54, you say that, in terms of the email, you were asking that if something could be considered, it would be very helpful. Was it considered, do you know?

A. We didn't get a kind of clear agreement in principle
 that it was going to be considered or that we could feed

that back to our members. What I know happened was it

2 was put into these other groups and bodies that we

described earlier, and it certainly was given some consideration, but we didn't get what we wanted.

5 Q. You also mention, and you have previously mentioned, the

6 issue of a blanket approach in paragraph 58.

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. As you were progressing and your thinking was
9 progressing, and the input that you were getting from
10 your members and from the dementia cohort in Scotland,
11 did you have doubts as to the wisdom of a blanket

12 approach?

13 A. Yes. I think, Mr Gale, to begin with, we, like many 14 other people, didn't know exactly how to handle the 15 situation, and were guided by the information and advice 16 that was coming through from the science, as was often 17 said, and indeed Public Health. By the summer, we were 18 starting to say: this does not make sense, and the whole 19 issue of a blanket ban, for example, on people going 20 into hospital or not doing day care and perhaps -21 I mean, very significantly, without a shadow of 22 a doubt -- the care home situation, with families not 23 being able to visit , was a very blunt instrument to deal 24 with very detailed human concerns, and I think it

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remained for far too long the standard approach to

determine how we looked after people.

Q. In that evolving approach that you were having, were you, either individually or as a group, an outlier in that, or do you know if others were sharing the same yiews?

6 A. Well, I think there were others who were ahead of us on this and stronger, perhaps, much quicker about this, and we certainly were very supportive of their right to be expressing these issues. I don't think we were necessarily an outlier. I think within our community, the dementia community was probably alongside us, and the dementia community is much more than just

13 Alzheimer Scotland.

14 Q. Yes.

15 A. So there are many, many, many elements to that where
 16 we've got deep connections, and that included our nurse
 17 and allied health professional consultants, and a lot of
 18 people with very considerable experience.

What we were starting to hear more of was, actually, you know, infection control systems, forms of barrier nursing, there are methodologies that could be utilised in a more specific and precise way that actually could probably have dealt with things as well as a blanket approach did.

 ${\tt Q5}$ Q. I think we heard last week from four core members of the

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reference to an open letter that had been sent to 3 Nursing Times -- I think you are probably aware of this $\,--\,$ signed by a number of infection control experts. 4 5 A. Mm-hmm. 6 Q. Did vou at that time share that approach, that in some way infection control could be used properly and as 8 an aid to allowing people into care homes to see their 9 loved ones, instead of a barrier to them going into 10 care homes? 11 A. Our position on that was, again, that we were starting 12 to see an emerging understanding of a different view, 13 and what we then asked of the decision-making process 14 and Public Health was: why? Why are you saying that 15 a care home has to close again or people can't access 16 it? What is your evidence for that? And why does this 17 other body of evidence not have any weight within this 18 19 So we weren't taking a side, we weren't saying we 20 are 100% on this side or 100% on that side: what we were 21 trying to do was to understand: what is the logic and 22 rationale for your decisions, and why are these other 23 matters not, you know, being given any weight? I think 2.4 that was perhaps at that time trying to be balanced, but really desperately keen to see issues like visiting be

Care Home Relatives group, and they in particular made

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Q. Did you receive, really from anybody, a rationale in support of a blanket approach as opposed to the more nuanced approach that you had obtained, informed from your membership and, indeed, had experienced from other sources?

A. We wrote to Public Health when some of the decisions were getting made and we did on a few occasions get responses back just explaining what the guidance was, and I don't think that —— I don't think we actually pushed much further on that, to be honest with you, Mr Gale. We never got a complete, detailed explanation as to why the blanket approaches, the way that things were, and we started not to accept it and we started to argue against it.

16 Q. Yes.

Can you remember, just very generally —— and I am not asking for a date —— when you started to argue against it? When did you see the force and perhaps the overwhelming force in the contrary view that you were propounding?

A. So we started arguing against blanket decisions in April
 2020, when we wanted to open up our day services and we
 wanted a clearer opportunity to provide that respite
 support, and we continued with that.

Where we probably, I think, started to get confident around about things like allowing people into care homes was towards the sort of like later end of sort of November and December, where we had been really trying to make an argument that people don't understand the guidance and are not applying the guidance, people are not being supported, and you might wish to come on to it later, but we did write significant proposals about how we could support families better during that period of time. We called for a named person. And to be perfectly honest with you. I do not think it is unreasonable when you consider that all of these families were going through the most traumatic and stressful and difficult experience of their life, with one care home trying to look after 30 or 60 families on their own, that should have been an area where there was significant investment and support given to people, and at the very least a named contact to help them understand what was possible, what wasn't possible, what might be possible, and to push that forward, and to help the care home interpret the guidance and understand what is required.

So at that point in time we still weren't 100% certain saying, you know: yes, absolutely, let's stop this and let's move towards a more nuanced approach, but

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1 we were beginning to get more confident.

I think when the vaccinations came through, we were in probably no doubt that there was no need, at that point in time, for blanket approaches, and it should all have been about individual agreements around about sort of like the care home, the environment, and that is probably around the time when, you know, Anne's Law was, certainly from my perspective, something that should have been implemented.

10 Q. I don't want to take you out of sequence, but
11 paragraph 92 in your statement, you indicate that you
12 support Anne's Law. However, you say it is also getting
13 watered down a little by the government. We will come
14 to that in a moment. But at present, and going back to
15 the late part of 2020, you were in support of
16 Anne's Law?

17 A. I have been -- to be honest with you, we were in support 18 at that time of the need -- well, our campaigning point 19 at that point in time, which was a public statement that 20 we made both in the media and to government, was that 21 every person should have a named person. That was our 22 most concerned point. We absolutely wanted to see 23 people getting access in terms of visiting . We weren't 2.4 expert enough to say that it could happen at that point in time safely, so we were balanced in our approach

there, but towards the latter end of that year, we got absolutely definite that people needed to get access. Q. Okay, thank you. If we go back to what you proposed at paragraph 60, and could you read on there, please. A. As well as proposing to re-mobilise our day services, we also argued that there was more that needed to be done and could be done to support families. There were thousands of workers in the health and social care system, many on furlough, and we advocated that every family should have a named person. We got some hearing on that, but it did not go as far as I would have liked. We then wrote a proposal on that based on giving families greater support. This led to short-term funding of what we termed an Action and Rights team, and that team became an important part of helping families advocate and understand the guidance. We also put in proposals to Scottish Government based on our front-line knowledge and received funding for a small counselling service to help people facing loss and trauma. This was funded for two years and started in June 2021. We also proposed in 2021 a fuller carers support programme, which was funded by the 2.4 Scottish Government and commenced in early 2022. There were three elements to this. Given by this time our

centres had started to re—open, we ran a series of on—the—ground support and respite for carers. We set up a dedicated carer space within our virtual resource centre and we developed an innovative fund called Time for You, which provided carers with grants up to £350 for personal and innovative respite.

A good example of the Action and Rights team's work was with essential visit guidance, which was poorly understood. Our Action and Rights team were able to help people understand the guidance and we would advocate on their behalf. We then started to work closely with other groups that had emerged, such as the Care Home Relatives groups and others that wished to have visits to care homes. What we campaigned for was the support people needed to understand the guidance. We would tell people how to go about getting an essential visit and we would advocate with the care home and say: this person meet the criteria and you need to allow that to happen.

So we received funding for six months for the Action and Rights team, and we now fund that from our own service funds. There were lots of people who were not receiving care from us, like many family carers. They couldn't get a visit to a hospital or care home, so these people contacted the Action and Rights team. We

also provided an advocacy service so that people could understand their rights and essential visits .

The documents we provided to the Inquiry reflect what people with dementia and carers were telling us through the tens of thousands of interactions we had with them through our front—line staff and volunteers during the pandemic.

As we started to understand the guidance, we got more confident. We started to engage with people who knew about barrier nursing and proper techniques. We found that there were ways that things could have been done and we started to get more challenging, asking why access was denied. We approached that in a far less public manner than the Care Home Relatives group. We did that through the channels we had with the Scottish Government. I think that was the right position to take at that point in time.

As things progressed, there was new evidence of the value of face masks, isolating people in their rooms in care homes, and things started to become less certain about the Public Health guidance. What we saw was that, as things opened up again, if there were any outbreaks, then care homes closed again. We would say: why? This cannot be the response.

I personally felt that the Public Health concerns

and focus remained for too long the driving force for decision—making, and that impacted people in the most profound way. We had no influence at that point in the decisions that were being made.

At the time we published Hidden Impact report, our level of influence was nothing like it should have been. Our community was not a high priority, and I think the issue in care homes was being viewed through the lens of the care home sector, with PPE, staffing and visits being the main concern. What we were concerned about was that people were dying in these environments and did not have access to their loved ones, with no quality of life. As part of our Fair Dementia Care campaign, we knew that many of these individuals were also paying for it. There were people dying of COVID in care homes, and some of them were paying £1,200 to £1,600 a week for

I circulated communications saying that, when these people die, you need to ask yourself if it is right for the family to receive a bill. This highlighted to me the inequality of people with advanced dementia in care homes being charged for their care. We were deeply concerned about that.

We also campaigned and argued for studies to look at anti-psychotic medication. Anti-psychotic medication

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started to get used in a way that we were concerned 1 2 about. We were advocating that this should be studied. 3 There was some evidence in the Scottish Government 4 report that there were increases in the use of this 5 medication 6 Q. Now, I would like you to carry on reading from your 7 statement, but after you have finished the section on 8 care homes. I would like to revisit one or two points. 9 So if you would continue on to the end of 10 paragraph 79, please. 11 A. The figures quoted in our Rule 8 response is that there 12 are approximately 29,465 long-stay residents in 13 care homes in Scotland, and of that, 18,500 having 14 dementia. Evidence from research highlights the risk of 15 COVID infection associated with the size of care home 16 facilities, larger facilities posing a greater risk of 17 outbreak among residence, including death. I think 18 within the community, dementia was the most common 19 pre-existing condition that people had when they died of 20 COVID. What that told me was that people with dementia 21 were really impacted. There would need to be a lot of 22 research conducted to figure out why that was the case. 23 When it came to care homes, what we were hearing was 2.4 that people had to be isolated in their room. They had 25 no social contact. The image of someone living with

dementia is that of someone who is frail and elderly. A lot of people were active and wished to be involved in the social activities . The therapeutic nature of a care home is important. Potentially what was happening was 30 or 60 residents would have to live in their rooms. The consequences of that were their mental health would be significantly affected by that, unable to see relatives or having to see relatives through a window.

If people living with dementia in care homes are faced with staff wearing a mask, that, in our opinion, would have an impact on their well-being. Someone living with dementia in the advanced stages struggles to have a sense of time, place and person. When looking after someone with dementia, you need to help them with a sense of self and well-being using reminiscence techniques, social stimulation, cognitive simulation. That is all mainly done in a care home on a group basis.

The impact of COVID was that this was all taken away. You could assume that the impact of that on people was hugely significant in terms of their ability at that point in time. I would suspect that levels of stress and distress would be higher. How do you calm someone down in that situation if you don't have the non-pharmacological interventions to do that. for example music therapy?

The excess death reports that were eventually published demonstrated to us that being in a care home was a high-risk environment, not just because it was a shared environment, but how they had to react to the

There is no doubt that there was a lack of preparedness in care homes for having equipment such as PPE. Lots of thing could have helped. One the reasons for our long-term care commission is that what seems obvious is that people in small environments fared better during the pandemic. These smaller environments might have allowed for a more person-centred support to continue, but that was difficult within a larger environment. These smaller environments included care homes and alternatives such as supported housing

Care homes needed more staff who were properly equipped to provide that non-pharmacological intervention on a person-centred, one-to-one basis. Care homes did not have that, and the consequences were that it had a direct impact on staff and individual residents. I believe in retrospect we should have found a way of making sure those families that wanted to visit were able to. They could have been managed into that environment and help people confined within their rooms.

Families were desperate to get in.

The situation was that families were outside windows, desperate to get in, staff who were in care homes already taking the risk and moving around and being in public, and finally people in that environment were in bubbles, not getting that much needed non-pharmacological family support. It would have been logical to find a way of getting that family member to enter and provide that. If that situation was to happen again, we would be advocating for families to enter in the safest way, just like anyone else entering that care home.

13 Q. Can I revisit a number of points that you have made in paragraph 60 onwards.

> Just one point I have been asked to raise with you. At paragraph 64, Mr Simmons, you refer to the funding for the Action and Rights team. What period, can you remember, did the Action and Rights team operate in?

A. So we submitted two proposals around about the autumn 19 period of 2020. It wasn't submitted at that point in time under the name of the Action and Rights team; it was later, towards perhaps, like, you know, early winter that we determined that term. We received confirmation of that and put that team together around about February/March 2021.

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1 Q. 2021, okay. And that lasted for six months? 2 A. It was funded by government for six months. Q. I'm sorry, yes. 4 A. But we determined it was so important that we continued it. And during that six-month period, it received about 6 113 referrals, and then since it has had about over 500 people that we have been advocating help and support to 8 access visits . 9 Q. Why was funding stopped? 10 A. To be fair, the agreement was basically a short-term 11 response to the situation, and it was — the proposal 12 had a three month and a six-month option, and we were 13 content that it should continue with our own resources 14 going forward. 15 Q. Now, taking what you have said and what we proposed and 16 the sequence in which you have set this out in your 17 statement, there appears to be, at least as I read it, 18 a growing confidence in the view that you were taking 19 that there should be a counterproposal and a counterview 20 in relation to visiting, particularly in care homes, and 21 access to loved ones. 22

You say that you became more confident -- that is in paragraph 66 -- and then in paragraph 78 you say that:

"I believe in retrospect we should have found a way of making sure those families that wanted to visit were

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1 able to [do so]."

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Do you feel, in retrospect, that you could have campaigned harder for this at an earlier stage?

A. I think not, given what knowledge we had at the time. What we wanted to do —— and, Mr Gale, bear in mind that there was the option of an essential visit in the guidance. So what we wanted to do was to ensure that that was delivered, hence the Action and Rights team. So our perspective was that we actually are denying people access here when they had a right to it, and that wasn't well understood, and I am sure many colleagues in the care home sector will tell you the guidance changed so often that it was very difficult to keep up with the guidance.

So our first point and port of call was to get people the opportunities that were already there, and we were, I think, quite successful with that through the Action and Rights team. We helped a lot of people move from not being able to visit to having an essential visit. And I think probably if I had known then what I know now, yes, absolutely, we would be saying: look, this is not tolerable, we have to let people in. But at that point in time, we were working on the basis of the essential visits being there, and still there being quite a substantial level of guidance and pressure

determining that this blanket approach was the right way to go.

And it has to be said that there was competing
perspectives on this. So as a broad church
organisation, there were other voices that were not as
well organised or well developed that we had access to,
who were as equally concerned about visiting taking
place against the guidance of that time.

So we are not a single—focus campaign organisation. We have a rather broad church, and we had to balance up all of that. And I am not saying it was huge numbers, but there were significant numbers of people as equally concerned about getting this right from a different perspective.

So our position was to drive forward on what people actually were able to access and ensure that they got that, and at the same time, seek to influence the decision—making processes as best we could.

19 THE CHAIR: You are not a proselytizer, you are

20 a pragmatist.

21 A. Yes, my Lord.

22 MR GALE: My Lord.

Put another way, you are a broad church, but within that broad church, you, and obviously a significant cohort of your colleagues, had a particular view as to

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1 what was the correct approach.

A. I think where our expertise lies, Mr Gale, is in the community environment. So we are not a care home 4 provider. We do have one small supported unit. supported housing unit, but we were not experts, and we do have a lot of views on the care home sector, as you will see from the rest of my statement, but we weren't 8 confident and expert enough, in my view, to be doing 9 anything other than that which we did, which was to use 10 our expertise in understanding people, understanding 11 what their experiences might be, and trying to give them 12 the right help to work their way through this.

13 Q. You phrase it in paragraph 79 that:

"It would have been logical to find a way of getting that family member to enter and provide that."

Now, obviously you are referring to care homes in 17 that context.

18 A. Yes

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Q. What was the logic? You may have already told us this,
 and you may be repeating what you have already said, but
 could I just understand what the logic was for you?

A. I think by the time we reached that point and the conclusions, it would have been — the logic would have been that the family members could without a doubt have

helped with the non-pharmacological support and

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 intervention of people. They could have been part of the care team, Mr Gale.
 Q. Yes.
 At paragraph 80 you deal with the impact on hospitals and care homes. Perhaps you could just read

that through for us.

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A. In respect of the impact on transferring patients from hospital to care home settings, I have mentioned this within the Rule 8 response to the Inquiry. I believe the Mental Welfare Commission for Scotland looked carefully at this also. There were several measures and emergency legislation that were put in place to enable that transition. The facts were that those individuals were not tested prior to going into care homes or other environments more than likely had an impact. I can make a well—informed assumption that someone who had not been tested coming out of hospital, where they could have developed COVID, was undoubtedly a mistake.

We were concerned and remain concerned that people who are in hospital in the normal course of events should return home when they are being discharged. The issue was that patients were being moved from a hospital to care home instead of returning home, most likely as community services had been closed. These individuals and their families have had a double detriment; they

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were denied the right to return home, and denied the right of community care services.

The points I was making in June 2020 was to provide support for carers of those people who were in care homes. We were advocating that people should have access to a named person. Each care home could have been given a team of four or five staff to look after families and be there to support them. That was our argument on how this could be done. Instead of that, it was left to the care home manager to do that work or staff member trying to make sense of complex guidance. If more had been done, it would have been easier for people to understand why they couldn't visit a care home and, when they could visit, how to do that safely.

Our proposal for the creation of our Action and Rights team and our counselling service should have been considered much earlier and been much bigger.

We were pushing for the rights, care needs and emotional support of family carers to be much higher up the priority order. We were also looking for essential visits to be delivered where and when possible.

The Care Home Relatives group were running a big campaign and doing a fantastic job. As the vaccination was introduced, we were much clearer that people should

1 have essential visiting rights. I think how the 2 government starting working directly with the Care Home 3 Relatives group and involved them in policies was 4 a positive move.

We were doing everything we could to make sure the needs of carers were being respected. Once we had our Action and Rights team in place, the Care Home Relatives groups started to utilise that and we built a stronger relationship.

- 10 Q. Can I pause there, and it's really just on one point
 11 that I would like your view, because it is something you
 12 have mentioned on a number of occasions, and that is
 13 guidance. I think you have said on a number of
 14 occasions, you prefaced that with "confused". Can you
 15 just give a little context to that, how you felt that
 16 was an obvious problem?
- 17 A. I think, Mr Gale, to contextualise that, what seemed to 18 happen in terms of the care home environment was that 19 what you had was you had a number of perhaps very 20 skilled care home operators running their services and 21 then faced with the pandemic, and they then were brought 22 into this arena where every step of their actions was 23 being determined by guidance, which was changing on 24 a frequent basis. They were also then subjected to 25 different forms of scrutiny beyond just the regular care

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inspection to health boards taking some responsibility over care homes, and quite a sort of wrap—around sort of focus into the care home, which was then about implementing the guidance as quickly and, like —— well, immediately in some cases.

But what we were aware was that the group that was developing the guidance was being -- we had members of our staff that would have been part of that CPAG group. offering some advice. But as the guidance changed, it often would be put out late in the day, with an expectation of it being implemented the next day, and a general level of -- I think an unnecessary level of stress around about that care home having to respond to that almost immediately. And the care home staff are trying their best to deal with many, many people with not very much support, and many, many families want to come in and visit without much support, and I feel that, as a community, we should have provided much more support around about the care homes, not just left it to the care home staff, but brought in teams to help the care homes understand the guidance, not just ensure they enforced the guidance but understood it, and help families understand it, and that is where our named person argument really sat and was formed around. Mr Gale.

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Q. Thank you. 1 2 Right, you conclude your statement with a section on 3 lessons learned. Again, I would like you to read 4 through that, and then I would like to pick up one or 5 two points from it with you. 6 A. So we have a care home estate built not by a commission or design process. It was built in the early 1990s by 8 entrepreneurial investors who built up this network of 9 some 1,000 care homes in Scotland. In the early days, 10 these people were trying to make substantial wealth 11 and investments, and it was funded through the 12 Department for Work and Pensions. So care homes at that 13 time were viewed in a different way, and many people 14 were making choices about going to live in that type of 15 environment. 16 Over the decades, the nature of care homes has 17 dramatically changed to such an extent that they became 18 not a care home, but an extension of hospitals, to look 19 after people with complex needs. There are also issues 20 about how these are funded and supported. 21

The flaw we will make if we do not look at that estate after COVID will be that we will just have to live and accept what happened in care homes. What we need to do, in my view, is build a new approach; design an approach to long—term care that will have the ability

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to manage pandemics in a way that we never find ourselves in that position again.

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We need to rebuild and redesign care homes. They should be able to cope with a pandemic, and if there is a future pandemic, they should be built in such a way that you can isolate individual parts of the home to make sure people are not denied access to visits. Recommission the whole approach.

As a society, we must look at the number of people who died in care homes with dementia. The excess deaths within these settings was huge, a person and a family behind every number. Another pandemic is going to come, and if we rely on large—scale environments to look after people with dementia and just make sure there is PPE, that is not good enough.

There should be a taskforce redesigning care homes, making them COVID safe and to make sure all these rights are protected.

We also support Anne's Law; however, that is also getting watered down a little by government.

Everyone has been affected by the impact of the pandemic. However, when you look at the experience of someone who had significant dementia and cognitive impairment, trying to understand a pandemic and the pressure that their family is under, then that is so

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much more difficult, and dementia just got lost.

What we now know through facts and figures was that
dementia was one of the most significantly impacted
communities, and the most significant co—morbid
condition in terms of all deaths.

There are only four drugs available for people with dementia. What they do is alleviate some of the symptoms; they do not treat the disease. Everything about supporting someone with dementia is personal. It is face—to—face, community—based support, and using non—pharmacological therapies. To take that away again would be horrific.

We have noticed a huge lag in our community coming back out. Some of our resource centres are not being utilised to the same extent as they were prior to the pandemic. I think there is still an enormous pressure on carers.

We kept the Action and Rights teams going, but we are actually going to quadruple the size of this as people need a lot of support and help. Our dementia advisor structure was localised so moving forward we will bring some of this service into the centre. This will allow us to give people an immediate response where we can. There are people out there who can't access an assessment and are in distress. It is like the tsunami

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that was created in terms of the pandemic then led to a dam, and that dam is sitting there with all these people backed up behind it. Our helpline calls are still phenomenal.

We have a very direct experience of who we support but we also have a duty to represent those who we don't support and the quieter voices. That transfers into our campaign works. We also need better data as at present there are people waiting for 12 months for a diagnosis.

There is a broader debate ongoing with government
about our Fair Dementia Care and Charging Policy and we
have a legal argument ongoing that people were being
denied access to a re—assessment of their need when
their needs change. That is with the Scottish
Government just now.

- Q. In conclusion, you indicate that your belief is that
 the facts stated in the statement are true and that you
 are aware that this will, together with the evidence you
 have given today, form part of the record of the
 Inquiry.
- 21 A. Yes, Mr Gale.
- Q. Just a few points from that final section, Mr Simmons.
 One of the final points in paragraph 98 you say:

24 "We also need better data."

Data about what?

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were diagnosed and had dementia at the present time. We lack that type of data. I think we don't know that just 4 now, so everything we are doing in terms of the number 5 of people with dementia is based on estimates, as 6 opposed to factual data. I think we could also be doing with data in terms of the transfer and exchange, so data 8 between NHS to care homes and social care. There is 9 much work to be done in terms of data. 10 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Q}}.$ Is that something that you feel your organisation could 11 usefully input into? 12 A. Oh, yes. We have always done quite a bit of work 13 applying the various methodologies to work out figures, 14 so there are things like Eurocode and different 15 approaches and, to be honest with you, you could apply 16 two or three different models and end up with numbers 17 that vary between 10,000 and 20,000, and we just $--\ \mbox{we}$ 18 are just a wee bit in the dark on this and we have 19 recommended that we must look at that, alongside that 20 broader argument about the fact that -- we can estimate 21 how many people are developing dementia. You would then 22 think you would consider how you commission a long term 23 care environment, particularly how many care homes you 2.4 would require, how many places you would need and that 25 you would commission subsequent services based on that

A. It would be helpful if we knew exactly how many people

1 information. One of our big failings is we don't have 2 that and we don't statistically commission the estate of 3 long-term care, that emerges mainly through private 4 sector investment based on market forces and philosophy, and that is where I suspect that, if you've got the 5 6 right type of data and you flow that into strategy, then you would sort of probably commission things in 8 9

Q. Thank you. What you say at paragraphs 88 and 89 is also very interesting. You conclude at 89 by saying:

11 "We need to rebuild and redesign care homes."

12 Do you mean that physically?

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13 A. Yes. Yes, I think -- Mr Gale, the view we have coming 14 through this is that there is some evidence that 15 suggests that it's the large-scale environment that is 16 perhaps the most risky one to be in. Now, as 17 I mentioned a moment or two ago, that environment hasn't 18 been specifically designed or commissioned based on what 19 we know to be the needs of our population, it has been 20 determined by investors and -- in the main investors, 21 some local authorities do commission and develop their 22 own services, but it has been designed in a way that

> it's the investors and owners from that private sector that have built up our whole long-term care estate.

Now, they will be experiencing significant pressures

in terms of being viable, and we are already seeing many care homes not able to sustain the current challenges that they are facing financially . But what is also important to understand is that many, many individuals are actually self-funding these environment, to quite considerable sums, and what actually we would argue is that we need to just take a pause and think really carefully about how we design and fund and invest in this going forward.

I feel that the opportunity, if there are any opportunities through the new National Care Service. would be to take a very detailed, close look at what happened during this pandemic, to mitigate and rule out all the potential risks of scale and start to design an alternative approach to long-term care for people with dementia. Now, that is not impossible, but it needs a very, very high level of commitment and it will need substantial resource. Our long-term care commission we hope will produce some starting discussions and some solutions for that. We certainly won't be the implementers of it but we feel that, as a society, to step back from this and not seek to transform these environments, both physically and from a financial perspective, and not to commission and think more statistically about this, it would be a huge

mistake

Q. I think the point you make in paragraph 91 is that, in your view:

"There should be a task force redesigning care homes making them COVID safe to make sure all these rights are protected."

If we are looking. Mr Simmons, as indeed this Inquiry will be, at certain recommendations, would it be your view that a sensible recommendation would be something along those lines?

11 A. I think so. Mr Gale. I think what I would want to say is I think, as I mentioned earlier, a lot of pressure 13 was put on our care home providers and staff who were 14 doing a really powerful and fantastic job in the midst 15 of very difficult circumstances, so this is not 16 a criticism of them in any shape or form, but I do think 17 that a system that relies on economy of scales to make 18 it viable when that economy of scale is actually the greatest risk factor of COVID in a pandemic, somewhere 19 20 in the middle of that I think you have to have a really 21 clear and honest position and say: that's not right, we 22

need to look at this.

Now, we have 1,000 care homes. I am not suggesting for a minute that we start closing care homes, but over time right now we should be designing and building and

1 THE CHAIR: No doubt.

commissioning things and that should be led by

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2 a strategic approach to commissioning, not left to the 2 A. -- and affordability -- so this is where I think it 3 market. So we should be, as a sort of, you know, a new cannot be left to the market to determine the future of 4 National Care Service or as a local and health social 4 the long-term care estate, it has to be determined by 5 care partnership determining through good quality data 5 investment and strategy and commission. 6 what we think we will need and commissioning that in 6 THE CHAIR: That, with respect, is a tendentious point in 7 a way that is much, much safer and entirely different that others might have different views in relation to 8 from what we probably have at the present time. If we 8 that, which might be, for example, regulation as 9 don't do that then we are just leaving ourselves open to 9 I suggested. 10 10 A. Yes. exactly the same risks, the same likelihood of potential 11 excess deaths for people with dementia in a way that is 11 THE CHAIR: That is fair enough. Yes, Mr Gale. 12 entirely wrong in my opinion. 12 MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord. Just two other points, 13 Q. Thank you. Mr Simmons. In paragraph 92 you have indicated your 13 14 THE CHAIR: Can I just pick up on those last two answers you 14 support for Anne's Law, but you caveat that by saying have made. I understand exactly what you are saying, in 15 15 that it is being watered down a little. Obviously you 16 the very broadest generalisation, the estate, the 1,000 16 know what Anne's Law is and you know what clause 40 of 17 care homes, or however many they are, have been designed 17 18 with a different purpose in mind, and that has been 18 A. Yes. 19 Q. What would you suggest? shown by the pandemic, on the basis of your evidence, to 19 20 be inadequate. I think it was in paragraph 89. Can we 20 A. I think it should be -- it should just be enacted as 21 just go back to paragraph 89. You say: 21 a separate piece of legislation; just moved forward. It 22 " ... they should be built in such a way that you can 22 shouldn't be left to secondary legislation . I think the 23 isolate individual parts of the home to make sure people 23 case is well made now in the position we are in just 2.4 2.4 are not denied access ' now. It should become law. 25 So there is a design issue. You have also indicated Q. Thank you. Finally, paragraph 93, you express the view 101 that perhaps smaller units rather than larger units 1 1 that: 2 would be better. Then in paragraph -- the taskforce 2 "Dementia just got lost." 3 one, paragraph 91: 3 Lost by whom? 4 "There should be a taskforce redesigning ..." A. As I explained, what seemed to happen, and should have 4 5 And you have elaborated upon that very clearly and 5 happened, in my opinion, was that dementia, given the 6 cogently. Plainly this Inquiry is concerned with if 6 evidence that we've got in terms of the number of people 7 there are any recommendations about these matters. who died with dementia, the excess deaths that were 8 Another way of approaching the same problem might be there, the experiences that we have outlined, we never 9 a regulatory regime, because one could through really got a clear pathway through from the diagnosis, 10 10 regulation provide criteria which require to be to post-diagnostic support, to integrated care, to 11 11 advanced care and around that all the hospital and fulfilled in relation to care homes, smaller separate 12 units and so forth and so on. Would you accept that is 12 care home experiences. We should have had 13 an alternative that could be considered? 13 a directorate, in my opinion, running that and dealing 14 A. I think, my Lord, the current guidance from the 14 across the various other issues. What happened was that 15 Care Inspectorate is moving towards that very nature of 15 it was sort of any particular focus might be on, say, 16 advice. I think that that is also slightly 16 for example, the care home visiting, that wasn't dealing 17 problematic because 17 with dementia, that was dealing with a specific issue. 18 THE CHAIR: Most policy is. 18 Although people might feel that that was dealing with A. Yes, but what you are actually -- so what you are 19 19 dementia, it wasn't, and what seemed to happen was we 20 relying on then is that -- it is this point of -- so you 20 got into dealing with that particular bit of guidance or 21 might have the sector that owns a large estate of 21 this particular piece of guidance and it was moving at 22 care homes based on economy of scale getting new 22 a sort of rapid pace, and my view is that actually we 23 guidance to really transform the nature of that, and the 23 should have been sitting looking at how, from the very 24 2.4 difficulty might be that, as you go smaller, your costs

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go higher -

earliest point of diagnosis to advanced stage dementia, we were going to look after people during this pandemic

1		and doing that going forward. So when I say it got	1	THE CHAIR: Yes, 2 o'clock.
2		lost, the strategy of and a vision of how we tackle this	2	(12.46 pm)
3		and go through it just was not there in the sense	3	(The short adjournment)
4		that I describe it.	4	(2.00 pm)
5	Q.	Mr Simmons, I am very grateful to you, as is the Inquiry	5	Statement of Dr Jennifer Burns (read)
6		generally, for the information you have given us.	6	THE CHAIR: Good afternoon, everybody.
7		I would ask you: is there anything you feel you haven't	7	Mr Gale.
8		said or that you would like to say at the end of your	8	MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord.
9		time giving evidence?	9	As I indicated earlier , my Lord, this afternoon is
10	Α.		10	going to be a read—in of the statement of
11	,	should have done was perhaps the hospital—based	11	Dr Jennifer Burns. The reference is SCI—WT0572—000001.
12		experience of people. You know, we have spent a lot of	12	She has provided this statement and, as my Lord will
13		time talking about the care home environment. There	13	see from paragraph 2, she does not wish to give evidence
14			14	at the public inquiry, but she has agreed that it be
		were as difficult experiences for people going into	15	
15		hospital, and I think it would be remiss of me not to		read and recorded.
16		mention that, Mr Gale. I feel that we had made some	16	Given its significance on a number of points, I took
17		very good progress in Scotland tackling the problem of	17	the view that it would be useful for this to be read
18		dementia within acute hospitals or general hospitals.	18	into the Inquiry notes, and also to be made public in
19		We had ten Care Actions, we had dementia champions, we	19	this way.
20		had consultants, nurses and AHPs, that we were jointly	20	As my Lord will see, her name is Jennifer Burns.
21		funding with the Scottish Government to improve that	21	For present purposes, she is 62 years of. Age, her
22		whole arena and probably our experience now of that is	22	address is known to the Inquiry. She retired from
23		that we have lost significant ground, and it is an area	23	$full-time\ NHS\ employment\ on\ 30\ November\ last\ year,$
24		that, on reflection, I think the Inquiry will obviously	24	although she has remained available for a certain amount
25		consider and look at, but the experiences of people with	25	of locum work over the winter until April of this year.
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1		dementia going through hospitals at the height of the	1	Her academic and professional qualifications are
2		pandemic and thereafter has been very challenging.	2	contained in paragraph 4, and paragraphs 5 and 6
3	Q.	Just so that I understand that, how do you feel that	3	summarise her specialist interests . As my Lord will
4		ground has been lost in that context?	4	see, her interests have been largely in geriatric
5	Α.	What we had previously was a high—level commitment to	5	medicine. In 1995, she was appointed as a consultant
6		what is called ten Care Actions. We had substantial	6	geriatrician at Glasgow Royal Infirmary, and she worked
7		investments in our programme called Promoting	7	there until her retirement on 30 November of last year.
8		Excellence, which is a training framework for people, so	8	My Lord will see at the bottom of paragraph 7 that
9		that everyone in an acute —— well, everybody in the	9	she has held a number of roles in the British
10		health service and social care would have the right	10	Geriatric Society, including as being the Chair of the
11		level of dementia skilled training to do their job. We	11	Scottish Council of the society from 2012 to 2014, and
12		also had a champions programme, which was a —— like	12	then she was elected as President, first of all as
13		a really detailed course of study that helped someone	13	President Elect from November 2018 to November 2020, and
14		understand dementia and apply improvements within the	14	took over as President from November 2020, until
15		hospital environment. We also had what was called the	15	finishing the role on 17 November 2022. So, for present
16		Focus on Dementia team, which is a big Health	16	purposes, my Lord, she was in place as an office—bearer
17		Improvement Scotland project, all looking at improving	17	of the British Geriatric Society during the whole of the
18		hospital care. That seems to all have stalled, Mr Gale.	18	pandemic.
19	[//	R GALE: Mr Simmons, I am very grateful to you. Thank you	19	At paragraph 8, she sets out the background of the
20	IVII	very much indeed.	20	British Geriatric Society, and I will just start reading
21	TH	TE CHAIR: Thank you Mr Simmons You have obviously taken	21	from there:

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"... [it] is a UK-wide Medical Society. It

Councils. UK wide, we have over four thousand members

represents all four home nations with individual

and about ten per cent of them are in Scotland.

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great care in the preparation of your statement and your

this morning. It has been very helpful.

25 THE WITNESS: Thank you, my Lord.

evidence and I am very grateful for the way you gave it

She then deals with communication and guidance: 1 The society is a multidisciplinary membership 2 organisation which healthcare professionals join on 2 "As clinicians, [the BGS] had regular updates and 3 a voluntary basis. The majority of consultants guidance on management of Covid both from the Government 4 specialising in geriatric medicine working in Scotland and in our health board area. The BGS was focusing on 5 are BGS members." supporting its members, encouraging research and 6 I will just use the abbreviation BGS: producing guidance in our specialist area. For example, "The [BGS] has the aim of improving healthcare for [it] recognised the impact of Covid in older people, 8 older people. It supports its members through particularly those living in care homes, as likely to be 9 education, training, and the provision of guidance to 9 significant . [It] aimed to augment the guidance for 10 10 support its members deliver better care." those involved in caring for residents in care homes 11 11 It supports and encourages research. It does policy (both carers, nurses and medical professionals) who 12 work to support and spread good practice beyond the 12 might develop Covid. 13 members of the society, and to influence national 13 "BGS produced a range of recommendations from 14 policies and programmes for older people's healthcare. 14 picking up symptoms options for treating, to proactive 15 15 Non-members can access many of its key reports. planning for what might happen if someone got Covid. It 16 16 was recognised that at the start of the pandemic there They can attend conferences, access the Society's 17 website, use its reports and tools and undertake 17 were no effective treatments for this new virus. 18 education and training. 18 Consideration was given to whether those patients would 19 19 "In geriatric medicine, most of our consultants will benefit from hospital care and what could we provide in 20 work in acute care hospital settings, but some will work 20 the care home that might replicate what somebody might 21 across acute and community care. We recognise that 21 get if they were in hospital. Many people who were 22 a lot of care of older people is across all specialities 22 living in care homes do not want to be hospitalised and 23 and in primary care. The [BGS] is keen to liaise and 23 if their care can be provided in a care home then that 2.4 support across many different specialist areas, as 24 is very often the preferred option \dots BGS suggested 25 overall older people are the population group that use that we look at provision of enhanced medical care 109 1 health and social care services the most." within care homes. The aim was to support services to 1 2 It has never advised the Scottish Government at any 2 be proactive in developing those services, for example 3 time formally, and it does not sit on any Scottish oxygen concentrators to allow safe delivery of oxygen, 4 Government-led government boards. Throughout the 4 5 pandemic, it was meeting with other medical specialities 5 the whole of the NHS. Most the Scotland would not 6 throughout the Royal College of Physicians of London, 6 automatically have access to that. The BGS guidance on managing Covid in care homes and this allowed for sharing of experience and helped 8 8 guide best practice. The senior officers of the was published, then revised three times over the 9 Royal Colleges would have meetings with the Chief 9 10 10 It was available on [the BGS] website and circulated to Medical Officers. 11 "In Scotland, the Chief Medical Officer appointed by 11 [its] members." 12 12

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Scottish Government is supported by a number of deputies and clinical directors to provide advice to the Government. During the pandemic Professor Graham Ellis, who was a consultant geriatrician in Lanarkshire, filled this role. He later became Deputy Chief Medical Officer for the Scottish Government during the pandemic. BGS was able to contact and liaise with him informally on issues relating to older people."

Paragraph 14 is significant, we suggest, my Lord: " ... BGS, were never asked formally to give an input or advice to Scottish Government. Going forward, in a future pandemic, if the Scottish Government wanted to strengthen their team, they could ask us to be part of that.'

that might not routinely be there, certainly not across

pandemic and was one of our most downloaded documents.

And it was entitled "Managing the COVID-19 pandemic in care homes for older people".

There are a number of footnotes to Dr Burns' statement, my Lord, and some of these documents are contained within those footnotes. It was first published in March 2020 and last updated on 18 November 2020.

"There was a lack of peer reviewed scientific papers on the impact of Covid on older people and care home residents in the first wave, so the understanding of the range of symptoms patients had at onset of the illness was limited."

The practitioners were relying on the information they were getting via the media to some extent about the

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1	effect the virus had on people in care homes in Italy.	1	setting, in addition to symptoms of cough,
2	There was a recognition that the virus would have	2	breathlessness, fever it was common for older adults to
3	a devastating effect on people in care homes.	3	present with delirium (acute confusion), loss of
4	Practitioners weren't sure what was happening or going	4	appetite, falls or syncope, gastrointestinal symptoms
5	to happen in Scotland or in the UK:	5	and deterioration in function. This is common to other
6	" but we could see there was a real and	6	illnesses presenting in older people. It was recognised
7	significant threat, and that older people would be very	7	by clinicians working in acute settings that testing
8	vulnerable, particularly older people who were living	8	needed to expand to cover atypical presentation to allow
9	with frailty . Frailty is a distinctive health state	9	accurate diagnosis and infection control measures. It
10	relating to the ageing process in which multiple body	10	took some time for this to be implemented as the
11	systems gradually lose their in-built reserves. Around	11	evidence of this atypical presentation took time to
12	10% of people over 65 have frailty, rising to between	12	appear."
13	a quarter and a half of those over 85. Older people	13	She then deals with the Scottish Government's
14	living with frailty are at risk of adverse outcomes	14	response to the pandemic:
15	after even apparently minor challenges to health such as	15	"It was challenge challenging to manage this
16	infection. People living in care homes are likely to	16	pandemic with limited understanding of the effect of
17	have more advanced levels of frailty ."	17	this new virus on the Scottish population. Looking back
18	I just pause there, my Lord. I think this morning	18	now, the lack of universal testing and the delay in
19	Mr Simmons made some reference to frailty, and also when	19	recognising the variation of symptoms in older people
20	Dr Croft gave evidence, your Lordship actually asked him	20	left older people exposed to under-diagnosis in the
21	about frailty, so that does give a little more	21	early stages of illness . The mortality rate from Covid
22	explanation.	22	infection is very age dependent and higher if you are
23	THE CHAIR: Yes.	23	frailer and have complex co-morbidities as was the case
24	MR GALE: "The BGS wanted to support research into the	24	with many hospitalised older people and care home
0.5	:	2.5	
25	impact of Covid infection on older adults with frailty .	25	residents. Delay in recognising this may have
25		25	
45	113	25	residents. Delay in recognising this may have
25 1		25 1	
	113		115
1	113 We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering	1	115 challenged measures aimed at infection control.
1 2	113 We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams	1 2	115 challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan
1 2 3	113 We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams collaborated to undertake this work across the UK."	1 2 3	challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan for those who are most vulnerable to poor outcomes. Age
1 2 3 4	We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams collaborated to undertake this work across the UK." And the references are given.	1 2 3 4	challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan for those who are most vulnerable to poor outcomes. Age and frailty are two of the main factors identified post
1 2 3 4 5	We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams collaborated to undertake this work across the UK." And the references are given. "The published data now confirms the link between	1 2 3 4 5	challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan for those who are most vulnerable to poor outcomes. Age and frailty are two of the main factors identified post Covid and people who are being supported in care homes
1 2 3 4 5	We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams collaborated to undertake this work across the UK." And the references are given. "The published data now confirms the link between higher mortality and morbidity and advancing frailty."	1 2 3 4 5 6	challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan for those who are most vulnerable to poor outcomes. Age and frailty are two of the main factors identified post Covid and people who are being supported in care homes or older people in hospital settings with other health
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	We shared information on multi—centre trials gathering this data amongst our members and many teams collaborated to undertake this work across the UK." And the references are given. "The published data now confirms the link between higher mortality and morbidity and advancing frailty." She then deals with feedback from members on guidance: "We did not have any formal feedback from surveys or other sources on the utility of the guidance, but certainly our impression was that our members were pleased that we had produced the guidance and there was a gap in what was available in relation to support for care home residents and their health care teams. The fact that the guidance was reviewed three times was testament to the fact that we were reacting to feedback and from the evolving evidence. As time went by and	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	challenged measures aimed at infection control. "In any future pandemic we need to identify and plan for those who are most vulnerable to poor outcomes. Age and frailty are two of the main factors identified post Covid and people who are being supported in care homes or older people in hospital settings with other health problems exemplify this. Planning should focus on support to minimise the spread of infection and to deliver a high standard of care for those with the infection. It would have almost been impossible to prevent the spread of Covid in care homes because people need care, and they are cared for by individuals who had exposure to Covid in the community. "Impact on health service "The health service is stretched at the moment, but we are seeing the development of services outside hospital. This is known as Hospital at Home in Scotland

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NHS Lanarkshire and NHS Fife but not universally

assessment in homely setting including support in

as IV fluids , oxygen the rapy and if needed other $\,$

treatments that traditionally would have required

available. This allowed people to access additional

care homes. It was possible to deliver treatments such

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The guidance remains the most downloaded publication of

There was then some guidance for hospital settings:

"BGS produced a range of tools and templates to

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support those managing patients in [the] hospital

setting to augment other guidance. In the hospital

all time [on the BGS] website."

hospital admission. This is recognised as a useful Governments in England and Scotland on discharge to 1 2 addition to the health service and has been Care Homes. [BGS] recognised that people have a right 3 progressively rolled out over the years of the pandemic. to be in their home/care home and if that individual did 4 "The Care Inspectorate Scotland look at the quality not have to be in hospital you would not want them to be 5 of care to ensure it meets high standards. They provide in the hospital. Early in the pandemic BGS noted in 6 inspection reports for the Care Home Sector and where 'Managing Covid in care homes' that if residents were improvement is needed, they support services to make discharged back to care homes when testing positive for 8 positive changes. This is an important scrutiny Covid they should be isolated in their own rooms for 9 mechanism. However, in the fast-moving pandemic the 9 14 days. We also advised all new or return admissions 10 10 sector needed additional support to manage infection to a care home setting should be isolated from other 11 control and deliver enhanced care for residents. This 11 residents for 14 days. Later versions of the guidance 12 resulted in more oversight from health boards with indicated that testing within 48 hours of hospital 13 tracking of infection outbreaks and support to roll out 13 discharge was required and to seek advice from the 14 for example staff and resident testing and ultimately 14 Public Health teams on managing previously positive 15 vaccination. These changes need to be supported as 15 patients. 16 people living in care homes benefit from enhanced 16 "Around mid-April 20 more routine and asymptomatic 17 support from health service teams. 17 testing patients for Covid had been introduced within 18 "In terms of impact on the health service, the NHS 18 hospitals. It was clear that patients should be tested 19 and care home sectors have always been stretched 19 before discharge to care homes. The benefit of this 20 Vacancy rates were always high before Covid, but ..." 20 approach allowed us to identify if somebody had or did 21 Dr Burns suspects that they are even higher now, 21 not have Covid and public health advice was then 22 22 followed. There remained a risk that individual although she doesn't have any figures on the care home 23 sector. 23 patients could be incubating Covid and have at the early 2.4 "The impact on members of BGS of working through the 24 stages a negative test, so isolation of residents for 25 pandemic was significant. Guidance was changing quickly 25 14 days post discharge to care homes continued to be 117 1 at the start of the pandemic and that came with its own 1 supported in our guidance. 2 challenges. BGS undertook a survey of its members' 2 "The medical profession learned during the pandemic. 3 experience during the first wave of the pandemic in the An example of this was the risk of discharging patients 4 autumn of 2020 and have published the feedback in our 4 from hospitals to care homes without testing. By the 5 Through the Visor report." 20th April 2020 patients were being tested to attempt to 6 Which again is referenced: prevent infectious patients being discharged into 7 "The survey asked questions of people's experience care homes in Scotland. 8 of access to viral testing, availability of PPE for 8 "We must acknowledge the vulnerability of the 9 staff, and patient movement in hospital settings as well 9 care home sector. There would however be patients who 10 10 as impact on the individual members. [The] feedback on would test negative and then go back to the care home 11 the survey reflected the concerns of the individual 11 and still have Covid because that's the nature of the 12 members. There was a frustration surrounding delays in virus. It doesn't always present with a positive test. 13 testing, the quality of the tests and what level of PPE 13 So, the additional advice of suggesting a period of 14 was available to staff. [BGS] carried out a second 14 isolation for a resident after discharge to care home 15 survey in spring 2021 ..." 15 was appropriate and I believe we did get there in 16 And followed that up as a published Through the 16 Scotland. Access to suitable testing seems to have been 17 Visor report. 17 the limiting factor in rolling out more universal 18 "BGS provided the Inquiry with a copy of our two 18 testing for this situation and for hospital admissions." 19 Through the Visor reports, summarising the experience in 19 With regards to testing, $\, {\sf Dr} \, {\sf Burns} \, {\sf says} \, {\sf she} \, {\sf can't} \,$ 20 20 the working environment." comment on any variances across Scotland, but what she 21 My Lord, I confirm that we have those and have 21 can say is: 22 22 " ... that the technology was evolving rapidly and considered them. 23 She then deals with transfer of patients from acute 23 the length of time it took to get a result reduced over

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testing."

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hospitals to care homes:

"BGS were reviewing the guidance from the

the first few months and ultimately we had point of care

1	She then deals briefly with impact on acute	1	understood these difficulties from a range of clinical
2	settings . She says:	2	experiences working with people pre and during Covid who
3	"We didn't have the capacity to do universal testing	3	had dementia and delirium.
4	initially on all hospital admissions."	4	"With regards to difficulty accessing resources —
5	As she has mentioned previously:	5	The major issue would be increasing staff ratios in
6	" not everyone who had Covid showed symptoms and	6	wards and care homes to provide more one to one care.
7	some had atypical symptoms, so not everyone was tested	7	"BGS recognised that those patients dying from Covid
8	who were admitted and that was the reality in most acute	8	were more likely to need high quality end of life care
9	hospitals . Some patients had typical symptoms who met	9	and summarised resources from a range of providers in
10	criteria for testing and others did not. The learning	10	our resource 'COVID-19: End of life care in older
11	in that was very rapid"	11	people'."
12	As she refers to earlier .	12	Again referenced.
13	"Older people are major users of hospital services,	13	"This signposted to NHS England's clinical guide for
14	and they were not universally tested in the beginning	14	'Management of Palliative Care in Hospitals during the
15	and until we got that type of testing it wasn't possible	15	coronavirus'"
16	to have a true understanding of the impact of the virus	16	That is reference to another document.
17	on different groups and to organise safer routes through	17	"Clinicians accessed these resources to guide best
18	hospitals for them."	18	practice across hospital and community settings.
19	She is unable to comment on what the delay was for	19	"Our members did feed back to us that they were part
20	the availability of testing. That would need to be	20	of supporting not only patients/residents but also
21	answered by a Public Health team or a virologist.	21	families of people who were affected during the pandemic
22	She then deals with the impact on people living with	22	and this was a taxing role for them."
23	dementia in care homes:	23	She was asked how the clinicians supported care home
24	"A very high percentage of people living in	24	residents ' families :
25	care homes have dementia either diagnosed or not	25	"This would be largely about communication on
23	care nomes have deficited diagnosed of not	23	This would be largely about communication on
	121		123
1	formally diagnosed. In a care home you would normally	1	diagnosis, prognosis and treatments"
2	have a mixture of physical and mental disability to meet	2	And this was given remotely in the main.
3	the requirement for 24hr care. Patients with dementia	3	She makes then some comments on rural care homes and
4	were more likely to suffer delirium, if acutely unwell	4	hospitals . She doesn't have any information from
5	with illnesses such as Covid, leading to a more confused	5	members regarding rural areas, but she is aware of a new
6	and agitated state and it can be hard to keep them safe	6	service set up in Forth Valley via networking. There it
7	in an environment. Conversely, delirium can cause	7	was developed:
8	people to become very sleepy and to stop eating and	8	" an acute hospital at home service for care
9	drinking. This is medically described as hyperactive or	9	homes in particular. It was led by a local general
10	hypoactive delirium. A study published in [the journal]	10	practitioner who was supported by geriatricians and
	Age and Ageing which followed older patients with Covid	11	palliative care. Forth Valley Health Board would know
11 12	admitted to hospital showed mortality increased	12	more about that as they were part of the commissioning
13	independently with both age and increasing frailty and	13	organisation.
			9
14	although delirium was not independently associated with	14	"There are workforce shortages in geriatric
15	increased mortality it was linked with prolonged	15	medicine, which are felt more in rural health board
16	hospital stays and poorer functional recovery, so more	16	areas. For example at this point there was only one
17	survivors needed enhanced care after the illness.	17	geriatrician permanently in Dumfries and Galloway. This
18	"The BGS guidance 'Coronavirus: Managing delirium in	18	limits the reach of the specialist service so it is
19	confirmed and suspected cases', published in March 2020,	19	harder for them to innovate and deliver care across
20	did explore the issues of managing cases of delirium	20	a whole health board area."
21	linked to Covid infections. It include guidance on	21	She then deals with accessing services across the
22			
	screening for delirium, linked to previous SIGN	22	board:
23	guidelines, and provided support for staff on the role	23	"During lockdown, there was obviously a real

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of managing physical isolation of infected patients. We

interventions would normally have been face—to—face and

1	it was not possible during Covid in the same way as	1	their family members supporting them. They might not
2	previously. Rehabilitation after illnesses such as	2	have been able to access the support that they normally
3	broken bones or after falls is known to improve outcomes	3	would have got.
4	and quality of life so although some remote advice was	4	"Alternatives to face—to—face have changed some of
5	offered, it took time to reintroduce this element of	5	the outpatient model of the NHS and how it runs now.
6	face—to—face activity. It has improved steadily but	6	Within my speciality, the issues the patients have are
7	some services have not resumed due to staffing demands	7	not always best met by video consultation. This is
8	in other more acute areas. This does disadvantage older	8	particularly true for new patient visits or for
9	people who may already have lost ground due to periods	9	conditions that require physical examination. However,
10	of isolation during the pandemic.	10	it can be suitable for follow up consultations."
11	"There was huge innovation in developing remote	11	She would want to see a new patient face—to—face if
12	consultations. I think it was one of the successes and	12	she could, but some of her colleagues will use it,
13	remains a useful part of what can be offered."	13	particularly if it is in a rural area.
14	She says that she knows:	14	"It can also give the choice of whether you, as
15	" a lot of speech and language therapists were	15	a patient want to be seen face—to—face or alternatively
16	able to do a lot more work on phones and on computers	16	by video call or phone. Having that option can be more
17	which was obviously dependent on the individual being	17	patient focussed as travel to clinic to see a doctor for
18	able to use the technology.	18	perhaps a short consultation if you have a disability
19	"As geriatricians, we offer Acute Care but also	19	can be difficult . Feedback from members in rural areas
20	outpatient care and day units where [such clinicians]	20	is particularly positive. It can work as long as it is
21	would receive interventions from the multidisciplinary	21	person centred and the patient has the options and
22	team. That stopped for many months as it was not	22	support to ensure the access to services addresses their
23	possible, relying as it did on people coming in groups	23	needs."
24	and shared transport. Going forward more patients now	24	She then deals with PPE and testing:
25	attend with support from family members but there is	25	"There was a lot of variation in the guidance on
	accella Well support from lamily members but effects	20	There was a fee of variation in the gardance on
	125		127
1	some resumption of hospital transport."	1	both testing and PPE required in the first few weeks.
1 2	some resumption of hospital transport." The BGS records suggest not all services have	1 2	both testing and PPE required in the first few weeks. Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but
2	The BGS records suggest not all services have	2	Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but
2	The BGS records suggest not all services have resumed. The impact of that, she suspects:	2	Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but then it was recommended for all patient interactions and
2 3 4	The BGS records suggest not all services have resumed. The impact of that, she suspects: " we do see when you ask older people. Age UK	2 3 4	Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but then it was recommended for all patient interactions and if [sic] some high dependency settings where you were
2 3 4 5	The BGS records suggest not all services have resumed. The impact of that, she suspects: " we do see when you ask older people. Age UK undertook survey[s] published in July 2021 looking at	2 3 4 5	Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but then it was recommended for all patient interactions and if [sic] some high dependency settings where you were fitted with an FPP3 mask. Obviously, that was difficult
2 3 4 5	The BGS records suggest not all services have resumed. The impact of that, she suspects: " we do see when you ask older people. Age UK undertook survey[s] published in July 2021 looking at the impact of lockdown on older people and they see more	2 3 4 5 6	Initially the use of PPE was only in Covid areas but then it was recommended for all patient interactions and if [sic] some high dependency settings where you were fitted with an FPP3 mask. Obviously, that was difficult for members because of how certain you could be of
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Guidance of the Scottish Government.

"The lack of universal testing early on meant we

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 $\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}$ It must have been difficult for people who were

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developing dementia and waiting on a diagnosis and for

to enable a more dignified death with a focus on symptom 1 were not confirming all cases as some were either 2 asymptomatic or had atypical symptoms. This results in 2 control and patient wishes." 3 difficulties in infection control and in later diagnosis She then goes on to deal with changes to roles and 4 for some patients who would later deteriorate. As 4 impact on BGS members: 5 testing became nor available, we had other challenges as "Some staff did get moved out of day units or had 6 some patients, particularly those with dementia or changes to shifts. Extra on call and ward provisions delirium, found the testing difficult to tolerate. Time were required to meet the challenges. We captured some 8 to test result varied dependent on the type of test and of this experience in our two surveys on the membership 9 test setting. The introduction of point of care testing 9 in 2020 published in Through the Visor reports. These 10 10 with immediate results improved this but often needed reflect the strain on our members. Mortality was high 11 11 in some wards, and providing care in these settings was follow up tests to confirm the accuracy. 12 "Public Health teams will have learnt a great deal very challenging ... for all our members. 13 about testing and should be able to advise future 13 "There were also positive experiences in that people 14 pandemics on the best options to improve outcomes. 14 felt that they were making a difference and pulling 15 15 "Nursing staff managed to support patients with together as part of a team. Some of the innovations and 16 16 technology improved as did the fast-moving pace of the testing, showing empathy and compassion with those who 17 lacked capacity to understand the reasons for often 17 evidence and the continuous learning and ability to 18 18 contribute to research. There were negative and multiple testing." 19 19 She then deals with do not resuscitate orders: positive comment " 20 "While end of life care has always been an integral 20 She suspects: 21 part of care for older people, the acute and rapid 21 " ... there is still an impact on our members ..." 22 changes seen with Covid changed the pace and focus of 22 She doesn't have direct evidence of that 23 that care. BGS supports and encourages patient centred 23 specifically. 2.4 24 "The membership itself was mainly frontline NHS care with sensitive advanced care planning conversations 25 and best interests' discussions with patients and their 25 staff. They were first line responders when the demand 129 131 for the job was at its peak. There was concern for the 1 loved ones. One aspect of this is considering the 1 2 likely benefits and harm from medical treatments such as patients and concern amongst the staff for themselves. 3 CPR ... and communicating this sensitively. We had to There was anxiety about whether they were adequately 4 acknowledge that this was a virus that we didn't have protected with PPE. We did ask if people had time off 4 5 a treatment for with a very high mortality. If you got or sickness absence and there was higher than usual 6 to a point where your heart or breathing [process] sickness absence rates. There was significant Covid related illness among staff. This was before vaccines, stopping with advanced Covid infection, then CPR was not 8 going to be successful. These decisions are then so some colleagues were very unwell. Some of our 9 documented in medical records as a communication device 9 colleagues had also died. These anxieties about one's 10 10 to other staff. It is important to explain this to own health, the risk to vulnerable family members 11 patients and families. BGS guidance on End-of-Life Care 11 combined with the intense nature of the clinical work. was really taxing. 12 in Frailty has resources to support healthcare 12 13 13 "During the first period of Covid, the difficulty professionals in managing these often difficult 14 conversations. 14 was dealing with acutely unwell patients with limited 15 "Understandably, this can be difficult and 15 treatment options and high levels of uncertainty. As 16 16 the pandemic progressed with peaks and troughs there unexpected for some patients and families. It is so 17 important that concerns are alleviated with good 17 were positive changes with research offering some 18 communication and trust in the health professionals 18 effective treatments and a well-managed vaccination roll 19 19 providing care. A decision not to undertake CPR should out, however the duration of the pandemic required 20 20 also be part of a plan to describe what treatments are longer term resilience to continue and manage the 21 available and might be useful and these can be 21 challenges. 22 documented in records in the form of 'Treatment 22 "In relation to training and conferences for our BGS 23 Escalation Plans' or in Anticipatory Care Planning 23 members, [BGS] managed to switch quickly to a virtual

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"The benefits of having advance care discussions are

model. They continued to offer education to our members at virtual conferences and webinars. Some of that

depended on staffing levels and access to study leave setting were more difficult to manage. It was all 1 2 but attendances at virtual conferences increased over a balance of risk. If you had open visiting with no 3 pre-pandemic levels. This supported continuing restrictions, there was the potential of the virus being 4 professional development but also allowed some brought into the setting. This might affect not only 5 reflection and learning on the pandemic. Access to this the individual being visited but potentially the wider 6 was supportive of emotional well—being by sharing population within the setting." 7 experiences and networking." My Lord, I just pause there. The next paragraph is 8 She then expresses a personal view: as 8 one that the Inquiry team thinks is of significance, and 9 an individual, she continued in her full—time job in 9 bears some relation to what Mr Simmons said this 10 10 Glasgow Royal Infirmary and was involved at the BGS morning: 11 initially as President Elect, and then, from November 11 "Care homes are an individual's own home and as the 12 2020, as President. Work as a clinician meant that she pandemic eased restrictions eased in many settings but 13 experienced all of the challenges of managing patients 13 were slower to relax for those living in care homes. 14 in acute hospital care. It was emotionally draining, 14 Social isolation is harmful to care home residents and 15 15 and also important and rewarding, to be able to provide can result in low mood or cognitive or functional 16 care for those vulnerable patients. She was part of 16 decline. We were restricted for a lot of the pandemic 17 a large multidisciplinary team of healthcare 17 for reasons that at the time I supported but on 18 professionals, and needed to support them in this 18 reflection and feedback from members, I consider that 19 important work. Her role at BGS also meant that she was 19 these restrictions were too prolonged. Visiting 20 involved in meetings and providing resources for BGS's 20 policies should take account of benefits and risks to 21 members, and she was able to attend virtual meetings 21 the individual resident, the potential risks to the 22 22 wider care home population and the current prevalence of with the Royal Colleges once a fortnight and network 23 with colleagues in many other disciplines. 23 Covid in the surrounding community. As testing capacity 2.4 24 increased, a roll out of testing for visitors to The next section is on impact of COVID and lockdown 25 on older people: care homes could be added to the strategy to provide 133 "The Age UK survey is interesting ..." 1 1 some reassurance 2 She didn't know if Age Scotland also did something 2 "Evidence shows that many residents in care homes 3 are in the last months of their lives and long periods 4 " ... but one of the things I captured was the term without a visitor are harmful. Whilst there is 4 5 'vulnerable' which was a blanket term used to apply to 5 a complex balance of rights and responsibilities , 6 older people, is quite a shock for people who are campaigns such as John's Campaign highlight the 7 happily living their lives. The report comments on importance for the right of people with dementia to be 8 anxiety related to the risks from the virus resulting in 8 supported by their family carers and they are 9 many being afraid to go out and resume previous campaigning to embed this in law." 10 10 activities even when restrictions had eased. Having to She does think that it is something that needs to be 11 11 thought about for the future, particularly for those in be isolated from family and close friends had an impact. 12 We know that regular exercise, maintaining physical 12 need of care. 13 fitness, social interactions, and a sense of purpose all 1.3 "Visiting in hospital and care homes was allowed in 14 combine to build resilience and prevent disability . The 14 $\mathsf{end} \!-\! \mathsf{of} \!-\! \mathsf{life} \; \mathsf{situations} \; \mathsf{but} \; \mathsf{deciding} \; \mathsf{when} \; \mathsf{somebody} \; \mathsf{is} \; \mathsf{ill}$ 15 lockdown affected many older people's ability to 15 enough to warrant a visit was difficult as patients' 16 undertake these activities and the longer-term impact of 16 conditions can change quickly and health care 17 this is likely to be negative for their physical and 17 professionals had to make judgements on this in 18 mental health. 18 care home and hospital settings. Sadly, it will be 19 "The rollout of vaccinations targeted older people 19 inevitable some families didn't get the warning in time 20 20 and residents in care homes as top priority and this has and missed the chance to visit." 21 been a success in giving enough protection to allow 21 There is then a section which I will simply take as

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read on literature/research by BGS, and move on to the

regarding changes, restrictions, PPE, testing, oxygen

"We received guidance from the Scottish Government

section on guidance at paragraph 75:

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a more normal life to resume."

the context of end of life:

She then deals with restrictions, particularly in

"Restrictions on visiting in Acute and Care home

provision amongst other things. The government were acknowledgement of family visits as a human rights for 1 2 being advised by scientific advisory groups. We would care home residents and the need for better guidance for 3 then receive our guidance from the health boards but care home staff as well as improved communication with 4 also via professional routes, such as the Royal Colleges 4 family members." 5 of Physicians (London, Glasgow and Edinburgh) who ran Going back to paragraph 77, Dr Burns says: 6 6 virtual webinars fortnightly giving updates on the "If there is another pandemic, it is likely to have evidence for treatment options. a similar impact on older people and those with other 8 "Professor Adam Gordon was the lead author in the 8 vulnerabilities. The full report details these in full 9 care home guidance, and he sat on the social care but I would highlight the need to ensure a balance is 10 subgroup of [SAGE] in England. BGS Care Home guidance 10 achieved between protecting care home residents from 11 was circulated to members of BGS in Scotland. The first 11 a virus that could be fatal to them and also protecting 12 guidance was published on 25 March 2020 and revised and the human rights of individuals to see their families 13 13 and loved ones. Planning for the response to a pandemic updated after that." 14 She then deals with lessons learned. Just before 14 should involve experts on the population most affected 15 she completed her term as BGS President 15 by the illness in question at the earliest possible 16 in November 2022, BGS published a paper on: 16 stage. Services should be available and adequately 17 " ... 'Lessons learned from Covid', trying to capture 17 funded to provide patients with the most appropriate 18 what we have learned and highlight priorities for future 18 care in the best place for them. For some patients this 19 pandemic preparedness. We highlighted 10 lessons for 19 will be in hospital. For others, it may be in their own 20 the future." 20 homes or care homes. Clinical trials must include the 21 My Lord, just at that point, perhaps I can simply 21 populations most at risk and most likely to benefit from 22 22 the treatments being tested. In the majority of cases refer to that document. It is footnoted in her 23 23 this will include older people. statement. 2.4 24 At page 4 of that document there is a summary of the "As a society, we need to be more open about talking 25 lessons that she sets out, or that the BGS sets out. about death and dying so preparing for end-of-life care 137 139 1 There is one that I would particularly refer to, and isn't as shocking, particularly if one's own health has 1 2 that is Lesson 2. It is in these terms: 2 been deteriorating and for example one needs support in 3 "There is a need to ensure that a balance is a care home. Opening the conversation ahead of the 4 final days allows individuals to have a chance to achieved between protecting care home resident from 5 a virus that could be fatal for them and also protecting express their thoughts and wishes and for those caring 6 the human rights of individuals to see their families for them to recognise what is important to them. and loved ones.' "Additionally, NHS and social care workforce 8 That is expanded on in the narrative at page 5 of 8 planning must ensure that there are enough staff, that 9 that document. If I could just read briefly from some all staff have the skills they need to care for the 10 of that. It follows on from the well-known opinion of 10 ageing population and that staff are cared for mentally 11 the then Secretary of State for Health and Social Care. 11 and emotionally and supported to continue to work in 12 Matt Hancock, about throwing a protective ring around 12 these roles. The workforce remains under stress due to 13 care homes. The BGS document says this: 13 vacancies and inadequate numbers of staff in training to 14 "Rules on visiting in care homes changed regularly 14 replace those who retire or leave." 15 with many families and care home operators struggling to 15 She is keen that the Inquiry comes out with some 16 keep up with what was allowed and what was not. Many of 16 positive suggestions. She says: 17 the restrictions in care homes remained in place long 17 "We need to address concerns and learn from them. 18 after restrictions were lifted for the rest of society 18 We also need to be supporting the workforce to deliver 19 and many family members became frustrated at not being 19 the best care moving forward. Delivering enhanced care 20 20 allowed to visit their loved ones face-to-face, even to those living in care homes would be an example of 21 once both the visitor and the resident were vaccinated." 21 this. Those older people living in care homes have

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is key.

complex medical co-morbidities and are in the last years

"In Scotland the pandemic highlighted the need to

of life and ensuring high quality care in this setting

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There is a reference to a paper. That particular

' ... made five recommendations for Governments

planning for future pandemics including the

1	have plans in place for managing patients who had	1	INDEX
2	deteriorated clinically and might be approaching end of	2	MR HENRY SIMMONS1
3	life . Advance care planning was recommended for all	3	(called)
4	older care home residents. When end of life care was to	4	Questions from MR GALE1
5	be delivered in the care home setting plans could be put	5	Statement of Dr Jennifer107
6	in place ahead of time to have available medication to	6	Burns (read)
7	manage common symptoms. Referred to as 'Just in Case	7	
8	medication' prescription of medication to relieve	8	
9	symptoms can be given ahead of time, in preparation for	9	
10	changes as an illness such as Covid progresses, to avoid	10	
11	delays in contacting medical and pharmacy staff out of	11	
12	hours for example. These medications include morphine	12	
13	or similar opiates for pain and breathlessness,	13	
14	Midazolam for agitation, Hyoscine for excessive	14	
15	secretions, Levopromazine for nausea or vomiting.	15	
16	Trained nursing staff would then be able to administer	16	
17	medication when needed for symptoms without delay.	17	
18	"During the pandemic we managed to introduce	18	
19	services, tests and vaccinations rapidly. This pace of	19	
20	change has not been sustained and now the requirement is	20	
21	to evaluate the pros and cons of the changes and plan	21	
22	for the future."	22	
23	She signs that statement under the declaration that	23	
24	she believes the facts stated are true and she is aware	24	
25	the statement will be made available on the Inquiry's	25	
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1	website.		
2	THE CHAIR: Very good. Thank you very much indeed, Mr Gale.		
3	MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord.		
4	THE CHAIR: I think that is the evidence for today and we		
5	are back again tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.		
6	MR GALE: Thank you, my Lord.		
7	THE CHAIR: Thank you, all.		
8	(2.57 pm)		
9	(The Inquiry adjourned until 10.00 am on Wednesday,		
10	1 November 2023)		
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